

Steel Shield Technologies

Serving the industry since 1985

Commitment to Excellence

Our customers are meant to come for a reason.



ENERGY

Steel Shield Technologies

was appointed in 2013 by Steel Shield Technologies, Inc., a company found by the Fennell family in 1985 in Pennsylvania USA as the official representative for the Asia-Pacific rim.

Steel Shield Technologies (Asia Pacific) Ltd, a company registered in Hong Kong, has been in the Energy and Lubricants business since 1996.



- Steel Shield Technologies is one of the leading suppliers that specializes in Fuel Oils and Specialty Lubricants. For security purposes and to better serves his customers the Company has designated the role of logistics and finance to two of his associate companies namely GFI (Global Fortune Int'l Ltd) and SEL (Sinocham Enterprises HK Ltd).
- GFI is a company registered in BVI and HK, closely connected with major oil refineries in the Middle East including Iraq, UAE, as well as Nigeria, Venezuela and Russia, and is responsible for logistics and channeling of fuel oils to the customer.
- SEL was founded in 1997 and is the trading arm of the Win Win Group, a conglomerate which was established more than 30 years ago in Hong Kong major in machinery distribution, property and hotel investment. SEL has very strong connection with major international banks and financial institutes, and is responsible for receiving LC from customers whilst issuing or transferring LC to the Refineries in Middle East & Russia.



ENERGY

STEEL SHIELD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.



3351 INDUSTRIAL BLVD. BETHEL PARK, PENNSYLVANIA 15102-2543

Steel Shield Technologies

Workshop 9, 8th/Floor, Goodview Industrial Building, No.11 Kin Fat Street, Tuen Mun, HK



ABF Technology

Ionic Levitation
Motor Oils
Industrial Oils
Marine Oils

Asia-Pacific Rim

Fuel Oil & Gas

GFI supply

Buyer

LC SEL Finance

Russia M100 10585-75 LPG

SOMO

Light Crude Oil Basra

UAE

ILCO SRGO LPG

NNPC/PPMC LPFO HPFO E10

PFO HPFO E10 BLCO LPG









UAE +SOMO SPEC

STRAIGHT RUN 280 CST FUEL OIL

SPECIFICATION		RESULT	TEST METHOD
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 15.56 /15.56 °C		0.9764	ASTM D 4052
API		13.42	ASTM D 1298
SULPHUR CONTENT (Total)	Wt.%	3.19	ASTM D 4294
BASE SEDIMENT & WATER	Vol.%	0.05	ASTM D 1796
WATER CONTENT	Vol.%	<0.05	ASTM D 4006
SALT CONTENT	P.T.B	5	ASTM D 3230
FLASH POINT	°C	83	ASTM D 93
KINEMATIC VISCOSITY @ 40 ° C	mm²/Sec	628.3	ASTM D 445
" @ 50 ° C	mm²/Sec	273.8	ASTM D 445
POUR POINT	* C	6	ASTM D 5853
ASH CONTENT	Wt.%	<0.2	ASTM D 482
ASPHALTENES	Wt.%	3.5	IP 143
WAX CONTENT	Wt.%	8.6	BP 237
DROP MELTING POINT OF WAX	°C	70	IP 133
CARBON RESIDUE CONRADSON	Wt.%	9.6	ASTM D 189
ACIDITY, TOTAL	mgKOH/gr	0.22	UOP 565
CALORIFIC VALUE	Kcal/Kg	10258	ASTM D 240
NICKEL CONTENT	PPm	23	ASTM D 5863
VANADIUM CONTENT	PPm	112	ASTM D 5863
IRON CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
LEAD CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
SODIUM CONTENT	PPm	12.0	ASTM D 5863

Sampling date: 17 Tir 1393 (8 July 2014) Report date: 5 Mordad 1393 (27 July 2014)

T B P DISTILLATION ANALYSIS (ASTM D- 2892 &D- 5236)

TABLE:	ABLE: 2		s	P. GR @15.5	6/15.56 °C:	0.9764
FRAC. NO	BOILING RANGE OF FRAC.@ 760 mmHg DEG. C	WEIGHT PERCENT	CUTTING RANGE WT%	SP.Gr. @15.56/ 15.56 °C	VOLUME PERCENT	CUTTING RANGE VOL %
1	IBP-250	3.44	3.44	0.7985	4.21	4.21
2	250-275	1.34	4.78	0.8263	1.58	5.79
3	275-300	1.67	6.45	0.8445	1.93	7.72
4	300-325	2.31	8.76	0.8533	2.64	10.36
5	325-350	2.90	11.66	0.8725	3.25	13.61
6	350-385	5.64	17.30	0.8924	6.17	19.78
7	385-425	7.85	25.15	0.9220	8.31	28.09
8	425-450	6.05	31.20	0.9334	6.33	34.42
9	450-475	5.90	37.10	0.9465	6.09	40.51
10	475-500	5.82	42.92	0.9578	5.93	46.44
11	500-530	7.93	50.85	0.9675	8.00	54.44
12	530-565	8.89	59.74	0.9789	8.87	63.31
13	565+	40.26	100.00	1.0715	36.69	100.00



UAE + SOMO SPEC

ABBAS 380 CST FUEL OIL

TABLE 1: GENERAL DATA

SPECIFICATION		RESULT	TEST METHOD
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 15.56 /15.56	5 °C	0.9785	ASTM D 4052
API		13.11	ASTM D 1298
SULPHUR CONTENT (Total)	Wt.%	3.45	ASTM D 4294
BASE SEDIMENT & WATER	Vol.%	0.1	ASTM D 1796
WATER CONTENT	Vol.%	<0.05	ASTM D 4006
SALT CONTENT	P.T.B	11	ASTM D 3230
FLASH POINT	* C	66	ASTM D 93
KINEMATIC VISCOSITY @ 40	°C mm²/Sec	899.2	ASTM D 445
" @ 50 °	C mm²/Sec	377.8	ASTM D 445
POUR POINT	*c	0	ASTM D 5853
ASH CONTENT	Wt.%	0.04	ASTM D 482
ASPHALTENES	Wt.%	5.4	IP 143
WAX CONTENT	Wt.%	3.3	BP 237
DROP MELTING POINT OF WAX	* C	64	IP 133
CARBON RESIDUE CONRADSON	Wt.%	13.5	ASTM D 189
ACIDITY, TOTAL	mgKOH/gr	0.11	UOP 565
CALORIFIC VALUE	Kcal/Kg	10149	CALCULATED
NICKEL CONTENT	PPm	68	ASTM D 5863
VANADIUM CONTENT	PPm	202	ASTM D 5863
IRON CONTENT	PPm	7.5	ASTM D 5863
LEAD CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
SODIUM CONTENT	PPm	25	ASTM D 5863

Sampling date: 30 Shahrivar 1393 (Sep. 21, 2014) Report date: 15 Mehr 1393 (7 Oct. 2014)

T B P DISTILLATION ANALYSIS (ASTM D- 2892 &D- 5236) ABBAS 380 CST FUEL OIL

TABLE:	2		S	P. GR @15.5	6/15.56 °C:	0.9785
FRAC. NO	BOILING RANGE OF FRAC.@ 760 mmHg DEG. C	WEIGHT PERCENT	CUTTING RANGE WT%	SP.Gr. @15.56/ 15.56 °C	VOLUME PERCENT	CUTTING RANGE VOL %
1	IBP-225	4.72	4.72	0.7967	5.80	5.80
2	225-250	7.90	12.62	0.8106	9.54	15.34
3	250-275	3.53	16.15	0.8318	4.15	19.49
4	275-300	1.14	17.29	0.8508	1.31	20.80
5	300-325	0.72	18.01	0.8708	0.81	21.61
6	325-350	0.74	18.75	0.8951	0.81	22.42
7	350-385	0.91	19.66	0.9055	0.98	23.40
8	385-425	1.55	21.21	0.9173	1.65	25.05
9	425-450	1.51	22.72	0.9293	1.59	26.64
10	450-475	3.05	25.77	0.9402	3.17	29.81
11	475-500	5.54	31.31	0.9513	5.70	35.51
12	500-530	6.60	37.91	0.9598	6.73	42.24
13	530-565	9.17	47.08	0.9718	9.23	51.47
14	565+	52.92	100.00	1.0670	48.53	100.00

UAE+SOMO SPEC

LIGHT EXPORT CRUDE OIL

SPECIFICATION		RESULT	TEST METHOD	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 15.	56 /15.56 °C		0.8597	ASTM D 4052
API			33.09	ASTM D 1298
SULPHUR CONTENT (Total	1)	Wt.%	1.33	ASTM D 4294
MERCAPTAN CONTENT		ppm	67	UOP 163
*H2S CONTENT		ppm	24	
NITROGEN CONTENT (To	tal)	Wt.%	0.12	ASTM D5762
BASE SEDIMENT & WAT	ER	Vol.%	< 0.05	ASTM D 1796
WATER CONTENT		Vol.%	< 0.05	ASTM D 4006
SALT CONTENT		P.T.B	5.0	ASTM D 3230
KINEMATIC VISCOSITY	@10 ° C	mm²/Sec	16.66	ASTM D 445
	@ 20 ° C	mm²/Sec	11.22	ASTM D 445
	@ 40 ° C	mm²/Sec	6.046	ASTM D 445
POUR POINT		* C	-18	ASTM D 5853
*R.V.P.		PSI	6.90	ASTM D 323
ASPHALTENES		Wt.%	1.0	IP 143
WAX CONTENT		Wt.%	5.1	BP 237
DROP MELTING POINT OF	WAX	* C	56	IP 133
CARBON RESIDUE CONR	ADSON	Wt.%	4.00	ASTM D 189
ACIDITY, TOTAL		mgKOH/gr	0.09	UOP 565
NICKEL CONTENT		PPm	14	ASTM D 5863
VANADIUM CONTENT		PPm	69	ASTM D 5863
IRON CONTENT		PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
LEAD CONTENT		PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
SODIUM CONTENT		PPm	9	ASTM D 5863
ZINC CONTENT		PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
COPPER CONTENT		PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863

^{*} Tested on site

Sampling date: Mordad 1392 (16 Aug. 2013) Report Date:Shahrivar 1392 (Sep. 2013)

LIGHT EXPORT CRUDE OIL (Winter Case)

TABLE 1: GENERAL DATA

SPECIFICATION		RESULT	TEST METHOD
SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 15.56 /15.56 %	С	0.8545	ASTM D 4052
API		34.1	ASTM D 1298
API (DEBUTANIZED)		33.4	ASTM D 1298
SULPHUR CONTENT (Total)	Wt.%	1.53	ASTM D 4294
H2S CONTENT	ppm	42	
MERCAPTAN CONTENT	ppm	85	UOP 163
NITROGEN CONTENT (Total)	Wt.%	0.13	ASTM D5762
BASE SEDIMENT & WATER	Vol.%	<0.05	ASTM D 1796
WATER CONTENT	Vol.%	<0.05	ASTM D 4006
SALT CONTENT	P.T.B	4.0	ASTM D 3230
KINEMATIC VISCOSITY @10 °C	mm²/Sec	17,02	ASTM D 445
" @ 20 ° C	mm²/Sec	12.10	ASTM D 445
" @ 40 ° C	mm²/Sec	5.703	ASTM D 445
POUR POINT	*c	-12	ASTM D 5853
*R.V.P.	PSI	9.85	ASTM D 323
ASPHALTENES	Wt.%	1.17	IP 143
WAX CONTENT	Wt.%	6.2	BP 237
DROP MELTING POINT OF WAX	* C	58	IP 133
CARBON RESIDUE CONRADSON	Wt.%	4.10	ASTM D 189
ACIDITY, TOTAL	mgKOH/gr	0.08	UOP 565
NICKEL CONTENT	PPm	18	ASTM D 5863
VANADIUM CONTENT	PPm	61	ASTM D 5863
IRON CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
LEAD CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
SODIUM CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
ZINC CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863
COPPER CONTENT	PPm	<1	ASTM D 5863

^{*}Tested on site

Sampling date: 13 Day 1392 (January 3, 2014) Report Date: 27 Bahman 1392 (February 16, 2014)



UAE + SOMO SPEC

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FUEL OIL 180 eSt- CATALYTIC CRACKED

Property	Units	ISO Method	Min	Max
Density @ 15°C	Kg/1	ISO 3675		0.991
Kinematic Viscosity @ 100°C	mm2/s	ISO 3104		25.00
Sulphur Content	%(m/m)	ISO 8754		3.500
Pour Point	°C	ISO 3016		15.00
Flash Point	°C	ISO 2719	60	
Water	%(v/v)	ISO 3733		0.500
Carbon Residue	%(m/m)	ISO 10370		18.00
Ash	%(m/m)	ISO 6245		0.100
Vanadium	Mg/kg	ISO 14597		400
Aluminium plus Silicon	Mg/kg	ISO 10478		80.00
Total sediment,	%(m/m)	ISO 1030-2		0.100
Total Sediment, existent	%(m/m)	ISO 10307-2		0.100
Total Sediment, Differential	%(m/m)			0.050
Strong Acid Number	Mg/KOH/g	ISO 6618		NIL
Total Acid number	Mg/KOH/g	ISO 6619		3.00

T B P DISTILLATION ANALYSIS (ASTM D- 2892 &D- 5236)

LIGHT EXPORT CRUDE OIL

TABLE: 2			SP. GR @15.56/15.56 °C:			
FRAC. NO	BOILING RANGE OF FRAC.@ 760 mmHg DEG. C	WEIGHT PERCENT	CUTTING RANGE WT%	SP.Gr. @15.56/ 15.56 °C	VOLUME PERCENT	CUTTING RANGE VOL %
1	IBP-15	1.25	1.25	0.5558	1.93	1.93
2	15-65	3.43	4.68	0.6419	4.59	6.52
3	65-100	5.14	9.82	0.7114	6.21	12.73
4	100-125	4.10	13.92	0.7419	4.75	17.48
5	125-150	4.04	17.96	0.7652	4.54	22.02
6	150-175	4.25	22.21	0.7795	4.69	26.71
7	175-200	4.00	26.21	0.7888	4.36	31.07
8	200-225	3.70	29.91	0.8095	3.93	35.00
9	225-250	3.92	33.83	0.8211	4.10	39.10
10	250-275	4.08	37.91	0.8314	4.22	43.32
11	275-300	4.19	42.10	0.8427	4.27	47.59
12	300-325	4.26	46.36	0.8525	4.30	51.89
13	325-350	4.10	50.46	0.8666	4.07	55.96
14	350-385	5.57	56.03	0.8835	5.42	61.38
15	385-425	7.08	63.11	0.9108	6.68	68.06
16	425-450	4.66	67.77	0.9195	4.36	72.42
17	450-475	4.08	71.85	0.9371	3.74	76.16
18	475-500	3.75	75.60	0.9481	3.40	79.56
19	500-530	3.46	79.06	0.9608	3.10	82.66
20	530-565	3.86	82.92	0.9705	3.42	86.08
21	565+	17.08	100.00	1.0549	13.92	100.00

UAE + SOMO SPEC

LPG GUARANTEED SPECIFICATION

PROPANE

Test Item	Test Method	Specification
Sp. Gr. 15.6/15.6 Deg.C	ASTM D 2598	To be reported
Vapor pressure (psig at 100 Deg.F)	ASTM D 1267 or D 2598	Max 200
Propane content (vol %)	ASTM D 2163	Min 96.0
Ethane content (vol %)	ASTM D 2163	Max 2.0
Volatile residue (Butane+)(Vol %)	ASTM D 2163	Max 2.5
Residue on evaporation of 100ml	ASTM D 2158	Max 0.05
Oil stain observation	ASTM D 2158	Pass
Copper corrosion	ASTM D 1838	No. 1 strip
Sulfur content (ppm)	ASTM D 1266 or D 5453	Max 40
H2S	ASTM D 2420 or IP103	Negative
Moisture	ASTM D 2713 or D 1744	Pass

BUTANE

Test Item	Test Method	Specification
Sp. Gr,15.6/15.6 Deg.C.	ASTM D 2598	To be reported
Vapor Pressure(psig at 100 deg.F)	ASTM D 1267 or D 2598	Max 70
Butane content (vol%)	ASTM D 2163	Min 95.0
Volatile residue (Pentanc +)(vol%)	ASTM D 2163	Max 2.0
Copper corrosion	ASTM D 1838	No. 1 strip
Sulfur content(ppm)	ASTM D 1266 or D 5453	Max 80
H2S	ASTM D 2420	Negative
Free water	Visual	None





NNPC/PPMC BLCO SCHEME

SPECIFICATIONS

API 33.35 Min Specific gravity: 0.8522.

Water and sediment (% max): 0.2% Vol. Max

BSW: 0.6% Vol, max,

Density at 20 c degrees co-cm max. 0.45

Density at 15 c degrees co-cm max. 0.8522

Sulphur content wt.pct mas; 0.14

Colour: DARK BROWN.

Salinity ptb at; 0.10% MAX.

Acid number; 0.339

Reid vapour psig; 6.52 MAX.

 PCT MAX;
 1.00

 Vanadium wr. PPM
 1.00

 Nikel wt. PPW
 2.00

LUBRICANTS Customers are meant to come for a reason

"It is our conviction that total satisfaction is not sufficient, we are here to help customers to achieve the highest return on investment."

Company Vision & Commitment

Not All Oil is Same Commitment to Excellence

- Steel Shield Technologies Inc. (USA) sole purpose is to manufacture premier quality metal treatments, additives, greases and lubricant oils that have been tested to exceed the normal parameters of extreme pressure and anti-wear products in the aftermarket, hereby offering matchless performance and unsurpassed protection against wear while saving maintenance costs, downtime, energy and improving overall functionality of your machineries.
- Steel Shield "Not Just Oil, It's Technology" which makes a difference to the World of Lubrication.
- Steel Shield aims at helping customers to achieve the highest return on investment (ROI).
 Steel Shield is committed to strengthening business and global commerce through manufacturing and distributing, World-wide, the full line of ABF Technology products made in the USA, Singapore and Hong Kong.



CHIEF EXECUTIVES

STEEL SHIELD TECHNOLOGIES (ASIA PACIFIC) LTD



MR. LIU KA-LIM, LOUIS HAS BEEN AN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF UNITED SIMSEN SECURITIES LTD., A SECURITIES FIRM LISTED IN HONG KONG, SINCE MAY 2010.

MR. LIU, A FORMER BANKER, HAS OVER 30 YEARS OF PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE IN THE FIELDS OF FINANCE AND MERGER & ACQUISITION.

HE HAS BEEN THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF LP LAMMAS INTERNATIONAL LTD. SINCE JANUARY 2004.

HE SERVED AS CHAIRMAN AND DIRECTOR OF GOOD FELLOW RESOURCES HOLDINGS LIMITED (FORMERLY WONDERFUL WORLD HOLDINGS LIMITED) FROM OCTOBER 2003 TO MARCH 2006.

HE SERVED AS THE CHAIRMAN OF GALILEO CAPITAL GROUP LIMITED, A COMPANY LISTED IN HONG KONG FROM MARCH 2004 TO AUGUST 2006, .

HE SERVED AS EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN OF SUN INTERNATIONAL GROUP LIMITED FROM JANUARY 2004 TO AUGUST 14, 2006.

HE SERVED AS DIRECTOR OF UNITED PACIFIC INDUSTRIES LTD. SINCE JANUARY 2011 UNTIL JUNE 2013.

HE SERVED AS AN INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF CHINA TIMBER RESOURCES GROUP LIMITED (FORMERLY SEAPOWER RESOURCES INTERNATIONAL LTD.) FROM SEPTEMBER 2004 TO FEBRUARY 2007.

MR. LIU IS A FELLOW MEMBER OF ACCA/FCCA (THE ASSOCIATION OF CHARTERED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS)

MR. LIU IS AN ASSOCIATE MEMBER OF HKICPA (THE HONG KONG INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS).

MR. LIU IS AN ASSOCIATE MEMBER OF THE HONG KONG SOCIETY OF ACCOUNTANTS.

MR. LIU IS A MEMBER OF HKSI (THE HONG KONG SECURITIES & INVESTMENT INSTITUTE)



MISS LAM SO YING, EVA HAS BEEN A DIRECTOR & RESPONSIBLE OFFICER OF BRIDGE PARTNERS CAPITAL LIMITED SPECIALIZED IN MERGER & ACQUISITION OF LISTED COMPANIES

MISS LAM HAS OVER 18 YEARS OF PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE IN THE FIELDS OF CHINA TRADE AND LOGISTIC OPERATION.
SHE SERVED AS DIRECTOR OF TWO TRADE & FINANCE COMPANIES LISTED ON HKEX-GEM (HK EXCHANGE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET) FROM 2002 TO 2010.

MISS LAM IS A MEMBER OF ABE UK (ASSOCIATION OF BUSINESS EXECUTIVES).

MISS LAM IS A MEMBER OF HKSI (THE HONG KONG SECURITIES & INVESTMENT INSTITUTE).



MR. WAN POK-CHAU, ANDIES HAS BEEN THE DIRECTOR OF STEEL SHIELD TECHNOLOGIES (ASIA PACIFIC) LTD SINCE 2012.

MR. WAN HAS BEEN MANAGING DIRECTOR OF BISON ENTERPRISES LTD SINCE 1978.

HE SERVED AS DIRECTOR OF SOLID GAIN INTL LTD FROM 2006 TO 2012.

HE SERVED AS DIRECTOR OF HARVEST (HK) LTD FROM 2003 TO 2006.

HE SERVED AS DIRECTOR & GENERAL MANAGER OF MEGA-X RESOURCES LTD FROM 1997 TO 2003.

HE SERVED AS DIRECTOR OF FOUR SEASONS TOURS (AUSTRALIA) FROM 1970 TO 1978.

HE HAS BEEN A DIRECTOR OF LITECRETE INDUSTRIES LIMITED (AUSTRALIA) SINCE 2006.



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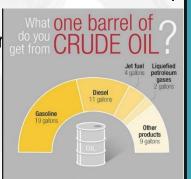


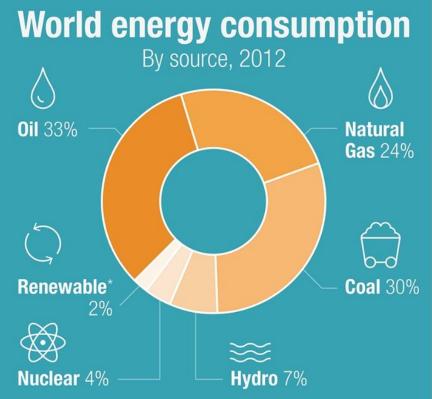




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1. THE CORPORATION HISTORY & FACILITIES

Steel Shield Technologies Inc. (USA) with it's history traced back to 1985 when in USA, Pennsylvania the scientist Dr. George C Fennell in the research and development of high-end specialty lubricants invented the unique ABF Formula – Ionic Levitation. In the same year Muscle Product Corporation trading as MPC was found by George Fennell, brother Jay Fennell and father Richard Fennell and the purpose was to market his invention MT-10. Since then and till to date George's product has become a must for the combat units of the US Armed Forces.











Richard Fennell Jay Fennell

George Fennell

Carol Fennell

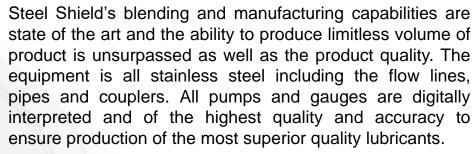
Business Meeting - 1986

In 1997 the father retired and gifted all shares to his two sons. In 1998 for private reasons the two brothers entrusted Sharon Murphy-Dittrich with the shares of MPC, at the time she was a staff. During 1998~2004 the company's money was emptied by Sharon Murphy in properties investment and paying off her debts which were without the consent from George and Jay. When such was found George had brought the case to court but considering it would put MPC into deficit and cause an adverse effect to the name of the family George had to settle the case outside court. In 2006 at a board meeting held on 22nd May George resigned all his duty from MPC. In the same year George found STEEL SHIELD TECHNOLOGIES INC and renamed his invention MT-10 as Steel Shield. As of then George stopped supporting MPC and would not endorse any of its products for quality and performance.

Original Head Quarter at Fennell Drive, Butler, Pennsylvania, USA.









Steel Shield Technologies was incorporated in 2012 in Hong Kong and is the official representative of Steel Shield Technologies (USA) to provide distribution and technical support for the entire Asia-Pacific Rim.



2. INVENTOR SCIENTIST — Dr. George C Fennell



Father of ABF Technology

Doctor of Astronomy and Astrophysic

Accreditation:

SAE (Society of Automotive and Aerospace Engineer: INTERNATIONAL ASNE (American Society of Naval Engineers) Member NCMA (National Contract Management Association) NCMA (Society of Tribologists and Lubricant Engineers) Member



In 1985, Dr. George C Fennell, a former scientist in Astronomy and Astrophysics doing consulting and contract work in advanced lubrication and surface Tribology, formulated a revolutionary metal treatment oil additive which can activate "ABF" (Advanced Boundary Film) through a proprietary and unique "electro-chemical ionization" (ECI) process. He has been known in the industry as the "Father of ABF Lubrication".

On the basis of ABF technology, a series of specialty lubricants have been developed to meet the stringent requirements of various purposes and working conditions, as to date is still the most advanced formula in lubrication.

Over the years, there have been countless people trying to resemble Dr. Fennell's unique formula and advanced chemistries, none was found even remotely close. To this date, Dr. Fennell is still the leader in tribology and lubrication.



3. THE BIRTH OF ABF TECHNOLOGY

- During World War II, the German Science and Technology Research Institute was commissioned to develop a new lubricant technology in meeting the stringent demand for heavy duty military application such as artillery, armored vehicles, tanks, battleships and fighter-aircrafts to avail them in performing their maximum fighting capacity with minimal maintenance.
- The scientists proposed the concept of Zero friction, i.e. Faraday's Law Like-Charge-Repel.
- Shortly after WW II, a great number of intelligent scientists migrated to the United States from Europe. One of them was the grandfather of Dr. George Fennell, who came to USA along with him a large volume of research data and material about Zero friction. The old scientist continued to pursue his scientific research and eventually in 1986 his grandson Dr. George Fennell came with a breakthrough in the technology. Through Electro Chemical Ionization (also known as Reactive Chemical Bonding) Dr. Fennell was able to realize Maglev between two metallic surfaces and to achieve a close to Zero Friction Coefficients.

The great accomplishment was the result of relentless efforts of 3 generations scientists over half a century. In recognition of
the excellent contribution of Fennell's family to the country, the US Government has named the street outside their old factory
Fennell Avenue as a compliment.



Steel Shield — Bio-Organo Lubrication Technology



TREATED

ILLUSTRATION A

4. ABOUT ABF TECHNOLOGY

Steel Shield Technologies' mechanism of operation is based upon Tribology methods that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity by improving surface characteristics and creating a stable chemical, corrosion controlled halide-based boundary film. Steel Shield's active components react with each other and the contacting aspertites of the metallic surfaces to provide five mechanisms of improvement.

- Advanced chemical boundary film formation through reactive chemical bonding.
- 2. Ring opening, oxirane acid scavenging and advanced corrosion inhibition.
- Organo-metallic substitution of surface metal and free radical reactionaries.
- Improved surface smoothness and rolling out of irregular contacting asperities.
- Re-conditioning and molecular reconstruction of the original contacting metal surfaces

The process of advanced boundary film formation is accomplished with an advanced combination of halogens that are controlled and rendered noncorrosive to the base metals of the system and pose no threat to the ozone layer or waste oil recovery systems due to their origins and long chain molecular lengths. These halogens initially react under thermal conditions with the organometallic reagents to form surface attaching compounds, thereby limiting and controlling the formation of halides from the base metals themselves. These surface attaching reagents or "electro-negative compounds" seek out and affix themselves to the lower surface areas referred to as micro-pores and fissures, as all metals are crystalline in structure and exhibit a lattice type matrix. This complex process also incorporates Van der Waal forces and dipole-dipole surface reactions. During this process, surface lapping and asperity (irregular microscopic contacting and opposing surfaces) roll-out is also achieved, yielding improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. Due to the increase of film strength by the filling of the micro-pores and fissures, along with thermal modification of the asperities, the resulting effect is a gradual rolling out or flattening of the metal asperities rather than a breaking off or chip-away process, which would create metallic debris in the lubricant leading to abrasive wear from wear metal particles. The resulting improvement in the opposing metal surfaces further increases the fluid film strength, which is dependent on the degree of surface roughness and viscosity.

Viscosity, however, is a lesser consideration when incorporating boundary additives or halogenation techniques.

In general, boundary friction and wear consists of two components, a shear or adhesion component and a plowing or deformation component. Considering the following equation:

$$Fs = SAr$$

Where Fs is the shear component, which predominates except when asperities sink too deeply into a boundary lubricant film or a soft opposing surface. When movement or sliding occurs, the shear friction force depends on the shear resistance per unit area, S, of any "boundary film" in the real load-supporting area between asperities. Dividing by the load, W gives the shear contribution to the friction coefficient, becoming independent of total load and apparent area of contact:

$$fs = S * Ar / W = S / Pp or S / Pe$$

The boundary film shear resistance, S, is assumed equal to the plastic flow shear stress, Tp, of an ideal elastic, plastic solid. Such a solid gives shear stress independent of strain and strain rate at strains sufficiently large enough to cause plastic flow. The conditions that produce the "glass transition" from liquid to plastic-like behavior are dependent on the viscosity of the material at normal temperatures and pressures and the variation of viscosity with temperature and pressure. In other words, glass transition depends strongly on chemical composition.

These results show that liquid lubricants act like plastic solids in the films between asperities. Therefore, S=Tp in the previous equation and the friction coefficient is Tp/Pp or Tp/Pe. Since Tp is a weak function of temperature and pressure, and Pp or Pe are independent of apparent contact load, the frictional coefficient for a given combination of lubricant and sliding surfaces tends to be independent of operating conditions.

Elasto-hydrodynamic lubrication (ELH) on an asperity scale deposits film material between sliding surfaces in "micro-rheodynamic" (micro-RHD) lubrication. As one surface slides, each asperity carries with it an aggregation of SST additive. Sufficient pressure and temperature is developed within the film to elastically deform the asperity and to force the extreme pressure reagent between the surfaces or into the micro-pores and fissures. During this time, high thermal conditions involving pressure and asperity contacts initiate a re-conditioning of the surfaces utilizing the existing oil to quench and cool the surfaces in the same process. A thermal restructuring of these asperity contact areas creates a deviation from the normal crystalline structure of the metal, expanding it into an austenitic crystalline pattern, which is more evenly structured and allows the SST additive to bond to the actual lattice of the metal, endowing it with new and unique properties upon cooling.

Organo-metallic substitution is a technique developed and designed to inhibit the process of halide formation from the base metals of the system under reaction. For example, instead of the halogen reacting with the iron in the system to form iron halides, a boundary surface salt, it reacts with a reagent having very similar properties to the iron atom itself, thereby forming a organo-metallic complex without scavenging the target metal surface itself, and depleting the metal in a chemically corrosive wear syndrome.

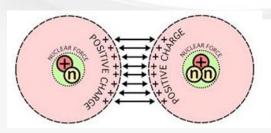
The process is very similar or analogous to the saponification of organometallic compounds in the manufacturing of greases. During this reaction or saponification, compounds react at a certain catalytic temperature and exchange characteristic components to form new compounds. These new chemical compounds are then used to aid in a boundary regime by providing an added protection to the actual surfaces being lubricated. Ring opening oxirane acid scavenging and corrosion inhibition is another chemical technique used to neutralize acids and inhibit oxidation and corrosion. This technique involves the use of specifically engineered complex ethylene oxide; oxirane rings, that possess reactive reagents which will cause a cleavage of the ring when encountering acids or strong alkaline. These reactions occur in the presence of both anionic- and cationic-type catalysts. Anionic catalysts can include alkoxide ions, hydroxides, metal oxides, and some organometallic derivatives while Lewis acids and protonic reagents initiate cationic reactions.



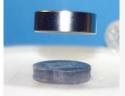
The lubricity, load carrying capacity, surface improvement, and wear reduction are greatly improved while corrosive aspects of halogenation are virtually eliminated.

References:

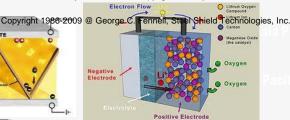
- CRC "Handbook Of Lubrication, Theory And Practice", Volumes 1 & 2, by E. Richard Booser, Ph.D., Society of Tribologists and Lubrication Engineers (STLE), copyright 1992, Eighth Printing.
- "Organic Chemistry" 4th Edition, by Robert Morrison, Ph.D. and Robert Boyd, Ph.D., copyright 1983 by Allen & Bacon.
- "Lubrication A Tribology Handbook", edited by M.J. Neale OBE, BSc(Eng), published by Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), copyright 1993, Butterworth-Heinemann, Ltd.
- CRC "Handbook Of Chemistry and Physics", 1986 Edition, by CRC Press, edited by David R. Lide, copyright 1986 by CRC Press.













5. HOW ABF WORKS

Tec

ebster's Dictionary defines lubricants as substances capable of reducing friction, heat and wear when introduced between two solid surfaces. From the initial development and use of lubricants, chemical technology has constantly advanced to make them orientical rectiniously has constainty available to indee them more effective. From changes in refinement processes to the development of additives, the concentration has always been to increase the ability of the lubricant to reduce the friction, heat and wear. Steel Shield Technologies has changed the approach to lubrication and, in essence, given new definition to the term. First, there are a few points to consider.

Metal Against Metal

The structure of all metals creates a surface characterized by a series of sharp peaks and valleys, some microscopic and some larger. As two metal surfaces contact each other and move in opposite directions, friction is caused, producing hea ILLUSTRATION A

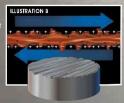
and metal deterioration. This friction-causing physical dynamic is heightened by the electromagnetic field

Normal Lubricants Help

All lubricants help to slow this process to different degrees.

Illustration B shows the results after a period of time of use of a typical oil lubricant. The constant fiction and electro-magnetic interaction has caused the weakened metal to break off or chip away creating.

off or chip away creating metallic debris in the lubricd netaliic debits in the lubilcon leading to abhasive wear from wear metal particles. This fact is evidenced in the need to change the engine oil of automobiles frequently as the lubilcant breaks down due to the heat and postuliic debits.

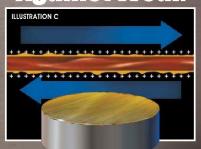


.

Steel Shield Technologies has redefined lubrication by breaking away from the standard approach to making the lubricant more effective through adjusting the refinement process or through the use of additives. Instead, Steel Shield Technologies approaches lubrication by improving the surface characteristics of the metal through the process of Advanced Boundary Film formation. This technological breakthrough is accomplished by additessing the naturally formed aspertities, micro-pores and Issures and the electro-magnetic charges they create.

Steel Shield products consist of an advanced combination of hologens which react under thermal (heated) conditions to form electro-negative surface and fissures. As this process is working, the thermal conditions are effecting the aspertities. Instead of breaking off because of a weakened metal state, the asperities gradually roll out or flatten. So while the micro-pores and fisures or effilling up, the esperities are flattening for an end result of a metal surface polarity becomes uniform in charge, there is a lotal positive state of polarity. When the metal surface polarity becomes uniform in charge, there is a reduction in fiction due to the Faraday reaction of like-charges. This electrochemical process continues at the molecular level to form an Advanced Boundary Film on the surface of the metal illustration C shows the end result of the production of the Advanced Boundary Film and the resulting uniform positive polarity.

Another aspect of this advanced technology is the organo-metallic substitution which is the chemical



attaching compounds react with reagents having smilar properties to the iron atom. The halogens, therefore, do not scavenge the target metal surface to find iron with which to react, forming halides and creating a chemically corrosive wear syndrome. Instead, an organo-metallic complex is formed as the basis of the Advanced Boundary Film.

Industrial Success Comes To The Consumer

Steel Shield Technologies is now bringing this breakthrough technology to the consumer after great success on the industrial level. The level of commitment to the Steel Shield product in the railroad industry is an indication of its performance in the most extreme conditions imaginable. This same technology is now available to you.

UNTREATED

TREATED

ABF Technology Protects From

As has been exploined, the Advanced Boundary Film Technology is a redefining approach to lubrication which provides outstanding benefits to the user. Practical Elimination Of Metal-To-Metal Wear

Steel Shield Technologies addresses the three areas that cause the weakening and deterioration of the metal surfaces:

- The physical friction of rough surfaces
 The opposite electro-magnetic charges that exist on the metal surface

 The physical friction of rough surfaces

 The physical friction of rough surfaces

Advanced Boundary Film Technology instead strengthens the metal and practically puts an end to metallic debris

Reduced Operating Temperatures

Friction is reduced so significantly that the operating temperature in treated mechanisms is notably reduced. The end result is a stronger metal that maintains its original specifications and performance level. An example of the reduction of operating temperatures is found in the independent tests that show a drop of an average of 30 Fahrenheit degrees in treated automobile engines.

Increased Effectiveness Of The Lubricant

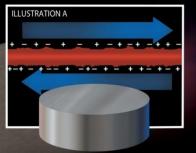
Whatever lubricant is used as the carrier of the Steel Shield Technologies additive, that lubricant is allowed to perform at its maximum efficiency. Lubricant flow will be enhanced with the elimination of rough metal surfaces; the reduction of heat and elimination of metal debris will protect the lubricant from "break down. ECHNOLOGIES

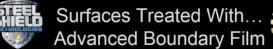


6. ABF TREATS THE METAL NOT THE OIL

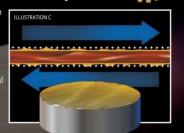
Metal Surfaces

- Surfaces characterized by | ILLUSTRATION A series of peaks and valleys
- Peaks (known as "asperities") are positive charged
- · Valleys (referred to as "micro-pores" and "fissures") are negative charged





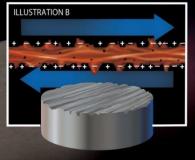
- Forms electro-negative surface attaching compounds to seek out & affix themselves to lower surface areas filling the micropores & fissures
- Asperities roll out or flatten creating greatly improved metal surfaces
- Created in this process is a total positive state of polarity
- When metal surfaces become uniform in charge, there is a reduction in friction due to Faraday reaction of like-





Metal Surfaces & Lubricants

- Most lubricants help slow the process of heat & friction to some degree
- When two metal surfaces contact each other & move in opposite directions, friction is caused. producing heat & metal deterioration
- Constant friction & electromagnetic interaction causes the weakened metal to break off creating metallic debris & particles in the lubricant

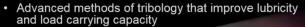






Advanced Boundary Film

NOT JUST OIL ... IT'S TECHNOLOGY



- Reacts chemically under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces to form a complex surfaceattaching film of protection
- Surface smoothing is accomplished resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves
- Increases fluid film strength resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure properties (EP)











7. ADVANTAGES & TARGETED INDUSTRIES



CONCEPT. Van der Waals Forces
Dipole-Dipole Surface Reactions

- · Reduces Friction and Wear
- Provides Smoother Operation
- Improves Lubrication
- Non-Toxic and Helps Build Green Environment
- Improves Machinery Functionality
- Improves Fuel Economy

ADVANTAGE Soluces Operating Temperatures

Operating Temperatures

Operating Temperatures

Operating Temperatures

- Eliminates Cold Start Problems
- Reduces Maintenance & Downtime
- Extends Component Reliability & Parts Life

TARGETED • Gas, Oil & Energy Plants, Mining & Drilling

 Automotive & Racing, Airlines & Ground Equipment, Light & Heavy Rail, Shipping

INDUSTRIES Lifts, Air Conditioning & Cold Storage Systems Industrial, Agriculture & Construction equipment

Militaries

8. 5 MAJOR BREAKTHROUGHS IN LUBRICATION TECHNOLOGY

1.) Virtual Zero Friction - RCB Ionic levit

Faraday's Law like-charges Repel & Dipole-Dipole Reaction

2.) Dynamic Heat Transfer

Lubricant accumulates at the hot spot automatical

Concentrates on hot areas

3.) Non Corrosive Cleansing

Metal sludge repelled via induction and removed



4.) Metal Surface Re-hardenir

From Shear Friction to Surface Lapping

5.) Eliminate System Dysfunction

Not Just Oil, It's Technology





9. SPECIALTY PRODUCT LINES































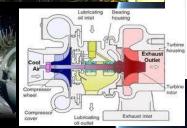


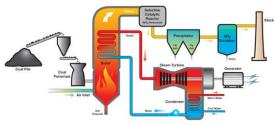
www.steelshieldtech.com.hk

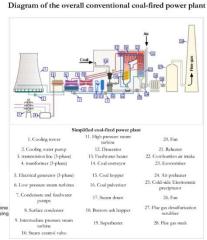


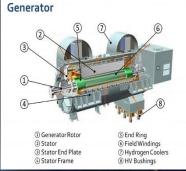
10. COAL-FIRED POWER PLANTS













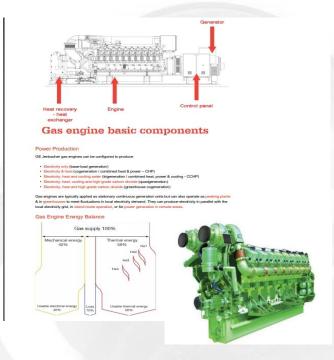
- 1) Air-Compressor Oil
- 2) Back-Up Generator Oil
- Boiler Gear Oil
- 4) Coal Conveyors Oil
- 5) Coal Pulverizers Oil
- 6) Coal Yard Vehicle Oil
- 7) Cooling Tower Oil
- 8) Preheater Oil
- 9) Soot Blower Oil
- 10) Steam Loop-Feed Water Pumps Oil
- 11) Turbine Oil

Steel Shield Products Recommendation:

- 1.) SST-ECI CAT GC gas compressor oil
- 2.) SST Air Compressor oil
- 3.) SST Motor oil
- 4.) SST Hydraulic oil
- 5.) SST Chain Oil
- 6.) SST Specialty Line Lubricants & Grease.



11. GAS-FIRED POWER PLANTS



Greases for demanding applications

ions

• Grease for extreme-temperature applications

Gear and bearing oils

• Oils for booster pumps and air compressors

Hydraulic fluids

iids

Oils for gas turbines

• Oils for landfill & biogas gas engines

• Diesel engine oil for severe applications

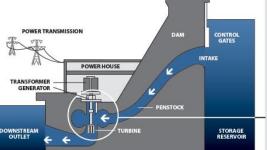
Steel Shield Products Recommendation

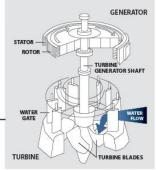
- 1.) SST ECI GECAT Gas Engine Oil
- 2.) SST Hydraulic Oil
- 3.) SST Air Compressor Oil
- 4.) SST Motor Oil
- 5.) Steel Shield EPA
- 6.) Steel Shield Grease
- 7.) Steel Shield Spray Shield
- 8.) Steel Shield Strike Shield
- 9.) Steel Shield Transmission Shield



12. HYDRO-POWER PLANTS









Steel Shield Technologies having been serving the industry for 28 years we care for green planet and believe good environmental lubricant should not have to compromise equipment reliability or functionality. We supply environmental friendly and biodegradable lubricants not only powerful but non-toxic. With ABF technology we help saving for our customers substantial maintenance costs whilst improving equipment productivity.

Steel Shield Products & Application

- Lithi-Grease for Archimedes Screw Bearing
- Transmission Shield for loaded toothed cylindrical, helical and hypoid, wheel and worm gears
- Steel Shield EPA for Anti-wear and anti-rust gear
- Steel Shield EPA for Turbine & Generator Bearings
- Steel Shield Hydraulic oils
- Steel Shield Turbine Oil (make to order)

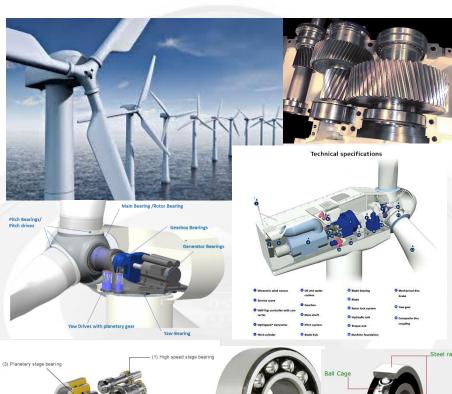
Wet environment applications including cooling towers, steam, hot and chilled water, effluent, chlorinated water and sludge.

BENEFITS

- Extended oil life and drain intervals
- Reduces oil consumption and labor costs
- Outstanding resistant to aging and oxidation
- Leaves no deposit in the hydraulic system
- Excellent air & water isolation capability
- Improves equipment functionality & reliability
- Reduces downtime and saves maintenance costs as much as 50% and more.



13. WIND-POWER PLANTS



"Pay me NOW or Surely Pay me MORE Later" is certainly true when it comes to Wind Turbine Maintenance.

Wind turbines are generally located in remote areas where the weather condition is harsh and highly variable. As a result, there is high mechanical stress on wind turbines unmatched in any other form of power generation.

The "fix it when it breaks" emergency maintenance is the least efficient and most costly. The reactive approach to catastrophic failure of a gearbox, generator or bearing for a single wind turbine can result in very expensive removal and replacement. Failure of a gearbox can cause damage to other components as well.

In 2010 in Germany a study funded by the government with data collected from 1,500 wind turbines indicated the following results;

Component breakdown Days out per failure
Hydraulics 1.3 days
Yaw System 2.5 days
Brakes 3 days
Gearbox 6.3 days
Generator 5.8 days

Comparative Maintenance Costs (US\$/HP/Year)

Reactive:\$ 17.00

Drive System

Preventive: \$ 13.00 (= 24 % reduction from Reactive Maintenance) Predictive: \$ 9.00 (= 47 % reduction from Reactive Maintenance)

6 days

We at Steel Shield can save for you the 47% generally obtained by using predictive maintenance with ABF Technology.

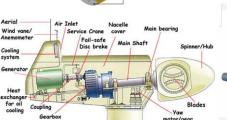
APPLICATIONS

- Blade Bearing
- Yaw Gear & Bearing
- Gearbox
- All Bearings

Steel Shield Recommendation

- 1.) Lithi-Grease, EPA for bearings
- 2.) Transmission Shield for gears
- 3.) Strike Shield, Spray Shield for routine maintenance











14. STEEL SHIELD ECI GECAT GAS ENGINE OIL

ABF, it resembles the effect of magnetic levitation, is the only technology that can achieve friction free working environment for any mechanical interaction in a machinery. It gives the gas engine 100% protection against piston scuffing, scoring and ring & liner wear.

Steel Shield ECI GECAT is a state-of-the-Art gas engine oil engineered to outperform any of the aftermarket oils and to meet the rigorous demands of high output four-cycle engines operating under high load and high temperature conditions.

ECI GECAT is made from the highest quality base stocks with ABF technology that provides Not Only exceptional oxidation stability, nitration resistance and thermal stability but minimizing and eliminating the formation of carbon deposits, lacquer and sludge resulting in cleaner engines, longer oil life and reduced maintenance costs. It exhibits excellent resistance to foaming, good demulsibility and protection against corrosion. Formulated with very low levels of zinc and phosphorus allowing GECAT to work seamlessly with engines equipped with catalytic converters. It meets a wide range of OEM requirements making it an excellent choice where high-speed four-cycle engines from various OEMs are used.

Recommended for:

- GE-Jenbacher, Caterpillar, Superior, Waukesha, Mitsubishi and other turbocharged, naturally aspirated, medium to high speed four-cycle engines requiring a low and/or mid ash oil
- Engines experiencing valve face and seat wear
- Lean-burn and stoichiometric four-cycle engines
- Engines equipped with catalytic converters
- Applications using alternate fuels containing low levels of sulfur or chlorine
- In field gathering operations where sour gas (low levels of H2S) is used as fuel

Features and Benefits:

- Excellent Oxidation and Nitration Resistance
- Cleaner engines
- Improves oil drain interval and filter life
- Improves engine efficiency and productivity
- Super Anti-wear and Anti-scuff protection
- Minimizes scoring, scuffing and wear of pistons and liners
- Utmost protection in fully loaded engines
- 50% and more maintenance & labor costs reduction
- Superior protection of valve train components
- Low levels of combustion chamber ash
- Prolongs spark plug life
- Highly Effective Corrosion Protection
- Protects internal engine components from water, coolant and acidic materials
- Neutralizes acids formed from combustion or oil degradation
- Excellent Detergent / Dispersancy Performance
- Reduces engine operation noise level up to maximum 9 dB





15. ECI HD HYDRAULIC OIL



SST-ECI HD Hydraulic Oll No.32/46/68/100/150

DESCRIPTION

ECI HD Hydraulic Oil is a Heavy Duty general purpose anti-wear hydraulic oils formulated with enhanced ABF technology. The oils possess good anti-wear, anti-corrosion and anti-oxidation properties and meet Park Denison HF-0, HF-2 and DiN 51524 Part I, il specifications.

RENEFITS

- General purpose economy oils
- Excellent protection against wear, rust and corrosion
- · Good oxidation stability
- Good filterability
- Reduce downtime 300% and more
- Extends the life of hydraulic components upto 400% (conditional to the physical status)
- · Improves efficiency in terms of smoothness

APPLICATION

ECI HD Hydraulic Oil is recommended for use in most of the hydraulic systems, particularly for older machines that oil change is more often. They are not suitable for use in systems with silver plated components.

TYPICAL SPECIFICATION

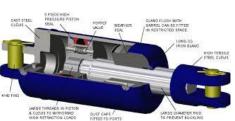
ISO Grade		32	46	68	100	150
Kinematic Viscosity,						
@ 40°C, cS	t ASTM D445	30	45	67	98	145
@ 100°C, c	STASTM D445	5.3	6.7	8.6	10.9	14.5
Viscosity Index	ASTM D2270	99	99	98	97	96
Flash Point (COC), °C	ASTM D92	212	220	228	245	250
Pour Point. °C	ASTM D97	-12	-12	-10	-10	-10

Whilst these characteristics are typical at current production, it may vary in the future subject to Steel Shield's final production specification.

Unit K 11/Fl., Leader Industrial Centre, Phase II, 188-202 Texaco Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界等灣德士古道 188-202 號立泰工業中心二號 11 樓系幸 Tel (電話): 2545 8029 Fax (傳真): 2545 8030











16. ECI CAT GC COMPRESSOR OIL



Steel Shield Technologies (Asia Pacific) Limited 美國離子能源有限公司

SST-ECI CAT GC SAE-40 LOW-ASH GAS COMPRESSOR OILS

DESCRIPTION

CAT GC SAE-40 is a low-ash gas compressor oil where engine and compressor have a common lubrication system. It's formulated with highly refined mineral oils and additives to control wear, oxidation, nitration and bearing corrosion. The oil is enhanced with Steel Shield ABF technology for excellent performance.

The oil demonstrates excellent performance in 4-strokes gas engines operating compressors on gas collection and transmission networks such as Caterpillar etc. The oil meets the requirement of API CE/SF.

BENEFITS

- Ultimate performance against oxidation and nitration
- · Good protection against corrosion and wear
- Reduce deposit and maintain compressor cleanliness
- Extended oll drain interval
- Reduce downtime 200+%
- Extends the life of engine parts upto 400% (conditional to the physical status)
- Reduce noise 3db~9db (conditional to compressor condition)
- Improves efficiency

APPLICATION

CAT GC SAE-40 is recommended for use in new generation gas compressors requiring low-ash contents.

TYPICAL SPECIFICATION

SAE Grade		40
Density @ 30 °C Kg/I	ASTM D1298	0.886
Kinematic Viscosity,		
@ 40°C, cSt	ASTM D445	125
@ 100°C, cSt	ASTM D445	13.28
Viscosity Index	ASTM D2270	97
Flash Point (COC), °C	ASTM D92	> 218
Pour Point, °C	ASTM D97	≤ -15
Sulphated Ash, % (m)	ASTM D874	0.40
Bolling Point, °C		228

Whilst these characteristics are typical at current production, it may vary in the future subject to Steel Shield's final production specification.

Unit K 11/FL, Leader Industrial Centre, Phase II, 188-202 Texaco Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港斯界荃灣總土古道 188-202 號京泰工業中心二期 11 櫻玉至 Tel (電話): 2545 8029 Fax(傳真): 2545 8030



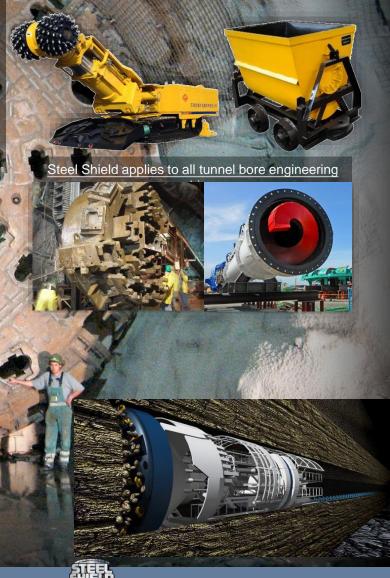


17. TUNNEL BORE ENGINEERING

Tunnel Boring Machine (TBM) is used to excavate tunnels with a circular cross section through a variety of soil and rock strata. It can finish the entire boring of tunnel 5 times faster than traditional methods. But, TBMs may cost billions to construct, and can be difficult to transport.

STEEL SHIELD applies to all tunnel bore engineering machines to ensure less downtime:

- Engines, power systems
- Hydraulic, pneumatic systems
- All types of gear systems
- All railways, transportation systems



18. MARINE ENGINEERING

MARINE SHIELD is the ultimate protection for the moving metal parts in your naval engine and transmission. It cleans, penetrates to the internal moving parts and shields against corrosion in extreme saltwater environments better than any other product to date. Marine Shield has been tested in harsh saltwater conditions and proven to be superior in its performance.

STEEL SHIELD applies to all naval engines to improve fuel mileage, increase horsepower and reduce

maintenance and downtime.

Compatible to all types of

gasoline & diese engines.







19. Railroad & Mass Transit System

Joe Hendricks 6455 East Commerce Kansas City, MO 64120 MMEO Central Region

10/01/2003

Marla Carrow 6455 East Commerce Kansas City, MO 64120

RE: MT-10

Marla:

I want to update you on our progress with the MT-10 product. Sense my last report I have applied MT10 to all of my service units. We use the product in our engines, transmissions, gearboxes and hydraulic tanks thus protesting the entire systems. The product performed as expected. Our failures with these components have decreased even more. Now we are able to work on equipment from the preventative maintenance side instead of a breakdown mode.

We have had cases that I can attribute directly to MT10 and were able to save the company thousands of dollars on the spot. This product proves itself worthy over and over and should be used by all departments to get the maximum savings for the Union Pacific.

Sincerely

Joe Hendricks Manager M/W Equipment Operations CR 816-245-2733 The letter states that the Union Pacific Railroad uses Steel Shield product extensively. Steel Shield has been proved to be functional and cost-

PORT AUTHORITY

Mark Pushnick President Mark Pushnick Enterprises 3351 Industrial Blvd. Bethel Park, PA 15102-2543

Re: Return on Investment of MT-10 Metal Treatment

Dear Mr. Pushnick:

August 14, 2002

This letter states that they save around USD 45 in maintenance cost for every USD 1 investment in Steel Shield products. Also, the

As you are probably aware, Port Authority of Allegheny County's experiences with MT-10, has been very good. We have been using this product in the gearboxes of our light raid vehicles for any roxinonely 8 of the last 9 years now. One year we discontinued the use of MT-10 and experienced a sharp decline in gearbox reliability and since have resumed the use of its application.

We regularly have oil analysis performed, by an independent testing laboratory and the results of the analysis have indicated that the use of MT-10 has significantly lowered the wear metals that we previously experienced prior to its use. The MT-10 has appreciably extended the service life of our existing gearboxes.

Based on the costs we were incurring prior to the use of the MT-10 product verse the costs we are currently incurring, we have realized a Return On Investment (ROI) of approximately \$45 saved for every \$1 expensed or 45:1 ratio. The most significant factor was the increase in reliability as well as availability. The vehicles were able to perform when needed and the missed trips were lowered to approximately 10% of past history.

As you are also aware, we continue to use the Power Cut (PC-10) and Power Lift (PL-10) grease with similar experiences.

If you have any questions or I can be of any further assistance, feel free to contact me at (412) 566-5149.

Joe F. Hendricks

Mgr. M/W Equipment Operations Central Region

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
6455 E. Commerce Ave., Kansas City, MO 64120
ph. (816) 245-2733 c. (816) 804-6880
pgr. 41986; 143-7413-pin 888985.
ifhendri@up.com



Sincerely.

Mid P Ferrier

Mark P. Ferrari, C.P.M., A.P.P.
Manager of Contract Administration
Bus & Rail



20. Manufacturing



Steel Shield Strike, an All-In-One long lasting lubricants penetrate rapidly and pierce rusted and corroded metal surfaces to break lose frozen mechanism while at the same time prevent rust & corrosic along with driving out and dispersing moisture on ignition wires, electrical contacts, circuit boards & other

Steel Shield Spray lubricants is a multi-purpose product that penetrates into remote areas and deliver long-lasting lubrication in many different applications even in highly corrosive & extreme humidity environments. It outperforms WD40 in all kind of

applications anywhere & anytime.



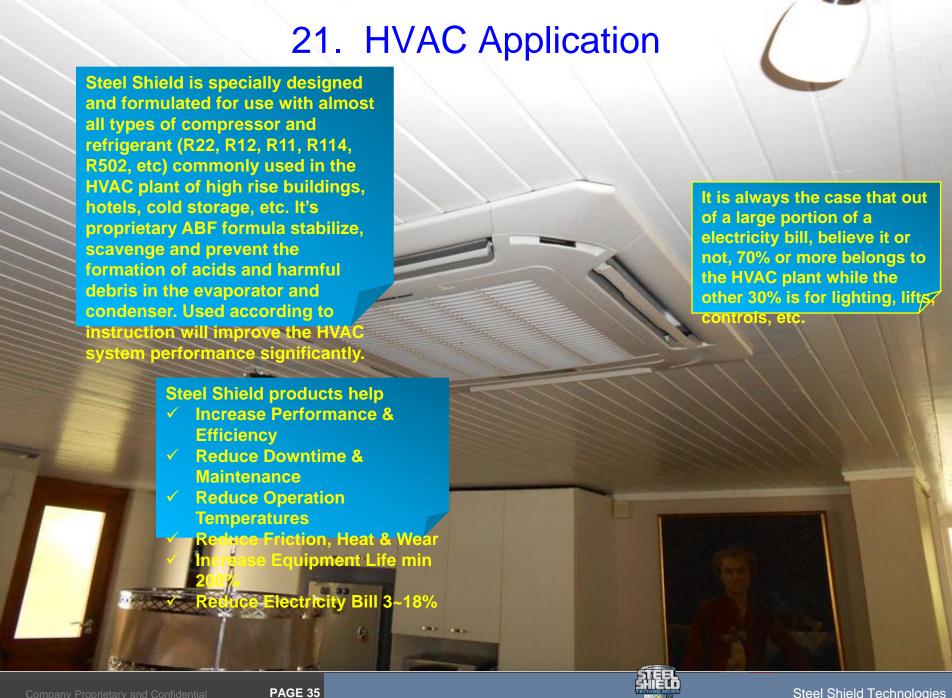


Steel Shield Drill & Tap lubricants utilize the most advanced ABF Technology to protect cutting tools from heat, friction and wear.



Steel Shield Tool lubricants protect air-tools from frictional abrasion, extreme pressure torque, air line moisture and internal dirt...





21. MOTOR CARS

Super performance cars using Steel Shield help reducing engine noise, more power at the wheels, swift response, extends battery life and cleaner engine. These car owners were surprised to see the cars behaved just like NEW! Cruising on the highways it saves about 8~15% gasoline or 4~7% diesel.



22. STEEL SHIELD EPA



• Flash Point : 226°C • Non-Hazardous

Non-Flammable

Synthetic Hydrocarbons

STEEL SHIELD EPA

PHYSICAL DATA

. Boiling Point : 238°C

• Evaporation Rate: < 0.01

Specific Gravity: 1.07

Insoluble In Water

. Vapor Pressure : <1@25°C

Medium To Dark Amber

RECOMMENDED USES

• Engines

Transmissions

Differentials

Hydraulic Systems

• Open Gears

• Gear Boxes

Gear Reducers

Gear Couplings

• Electric Motors

 Heavy Machinery Weaponry Systems

DIRECTIONS
Gasoline And Diesel Engines: Add 2 oz. per quart of oil.
Auto Transmissions: Add 1 oz. per quart of fluid.
Manual Transmissions: Add 1 oz. per quart of fluid.
Manual Transmissions & Oifferentials: Add 2 oz. per quart of gear lube/oil.
Contains no volatiles or solvents. Contains synthetic hydrocarbons and advanced chemical additive technology. Non-toxic and environmentally

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
EPA-MT-16	8-94630-00161-8	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 16 Oz.	12	8.75'w x 8'+ x 8's	.33	7.50	25/7
EPA-MT-32	8-94630-00162-5	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 320z.	12	9.75'w x 9.5'n x 13.25'n	.71	28.80	12/5
EPA-MT-128	8-94630-00163-2	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 1 Gallon	4	9.5'w x 12.5'= x 14.5'p	.99	33.60	12/4
EPA-MT-5G	8-94630-00164-9	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 5 Gallons	1			45.00	
EPA-MT-15G	8-94630-00165-6	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 15 Gallons	1			133.00	1
EPA-MT-55G	8-94630-00166-3	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 55 Gallons	1	j j		485.00	
EPA-MT-300G	8-94630-00167-0	Steel Shield EPA - Metal Treatment - 300 Gallons	1				





Shield Technologies' mechanism

of operation is based upon advanced methods of

Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity.

This, in turn, improves surface characteristics w

simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced

Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique

to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the

contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surface-

combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and non-corrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat

attaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix

itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process, surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved

spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final

state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film

strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing

frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated

area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through

before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary

metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of

elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil,

Film Technology.

23. LITHI-SHIELD



operation is based upon advanced methods of Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and noncorrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surfaceattaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process, surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil, before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary Film Technology.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

NLGI Grade	No. 2
• Color	Light Amber
Thickener Type	
Anti-Wear Metal Treatment	Steel Shield FPA

ASTM TESTS

D-2265	Dropping Point	556°F
D-2266	4-Ball Wear Test	0.66mm
D-2596	4-Ball Weld Test	800 Kg/Pass
D-2509	Timken OK Load-L	bs 60
D-5483	Oxidation Resistan	ice
li li	nduction Time at 210	0°C, min 11.47
D-1264	Water Washout @7	79°C 2.7%

RECOMMENDED USES

- All Extreme Pressure Applications
- Universal Joints
- Rotating Machinery
- Heavy Equipment
- Railroad Equipment
- Mining Equipment
- Boat Trailers And Marine Applications
- Conveyors
- Bearings
- Chassis Fittings
- PumpsCV Joints
- Axles

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE PACK	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
LS-T	8-94630-00181-6	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 2 oz. Tub	24	9.25'w x 4.75'b x 6.5'н	0.16	1.9	40/8
LS-C	8-94630-00182-3	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 14 oz. Crtg	40	12'w x 19.5'b x 10.75'H	1.45	42.0	6/5
LS-LB	8-94630-00183-0	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 1 lb Tub	12	13.5'w x 3.5'o x 6.25'+	0.17	15.2	36/8
LS-5LB	8-94630-00184-7	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 5 lb Tub	4	14.125'w x 9.5'a x 6.75'н	0.53	23.4	12/8
LS-P	8-94630-00185-4	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 35 lb Pail	1			38.0	
LS-K	8-94630-00186-1	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 120 lb Keg	1			132.0	
LS-D	8-94630-00187-8	Lithi-Shield Lithium Complex Grease - 400 lb Drum	1			437.0	





24. TRANSMISSION-SHIELD



operation is based upon advanced methods of Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity. This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and non-corrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surfaceattaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process. surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil, before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary Film Technology.

MSDS DA

- Flash Point : 226°C Non-Hazardous
- Non-Flammable

Synthetic Hydrocarbons

TRANSMISSION SHIELD

PHYSICAL DAIA

- . Boiling Point : 238°C
- . Evaporation Rate: < 0.01
- . Specific Gravity: 1.07
- Insoluble In Water
- Vapor Pressure : <1@25°C
- Medium To Dark Amber

PERFORMANCI

- Reduces Wear
- Increases Horsepower
- Reduces Costly Repairs
- Smoother Shifting
- Reduces Operating Temperatures
- Increases Fuel Savings
- Reduces Friction
- Improves Oil Flow
- Reduces Maintenance
- Increases Transmission Life
- Reduces Metal Debris In Oil
- Reduces Chain Stretching

DIRECTIONS

Remove the dip stick and add one 8 ownce bottle of Transmission Shield** through the fill tube. For larger transmissions, add 1 ownce per quart. For annual transmissions and differentials, add 2 ownces per quart for gear lube / oil. Use at every oil change for maximum performance. Contains no volletile or solvents. Contains synthetic bydrocarhons and advanced chemical additive technology. Non-toxic and environmentally friendly.

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE	CASE WEIGHT	ті/ні
TMS-MT-8	8-94630-00106-9	Transmission Shield Metal Treatment - 8 oz.	12	8.75°w x 8°n x 8°n	.33	7.50	25/7





25. TRUCK-SHIELD





operation is based upon advanced methods of Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity. This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and noncorrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surfaceattaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process, surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil, before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary Film Technology.

- . Flash Point : 226°C • Non-Hazardous
- · Non-Flammable
- · Synthetic Hydrocarbons

PHYSICAL DATA

- . Boiling Point: 238°C
- . Evaporation Rate: < 0.01
- . Specific Gravity: 1.07
- . Insoluble In Water
- . Vapor Pressure : <1@25°C . Medium To Dark Amber

PERFORMANCE

- · Reduces Wear
- · Increases Horsepower
- . Reduces Costly Repairs
- Reduces Operating Temperatures
- Increases Fuel Savings
- Reduces Friction
- . Improves Oil Flow
- Reduces Maintenance
- Increases Engine Life
- · Reduces Metal Debris In Oil

DIRECTIONS
Diesel and Gasoline Engines: Add 2 oz. per quart of oil initially; 1 - 2 oz. per quart of oil every oil change.

r c oc. per quent on or every or change.

Automatic Transmissions: Add 1 c. per quart automatic transmission fluid Manual Transmissions & Differentials: Add 2 cz. per quart of gear lube / fluid. Hydrauliss: Add 1 cz. per quart of fluid.

Power Steering: Add 1 cz. per quart of fluid.

Contains synthetic hydrocarbons and automatic chemical additive technology. Mon-lufy: and applications.

technology. Non-toxic and environmentally friendly.

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE PACK	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE CUBE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
TRK-MT-32	8-94630-00168-7	Truck Shield Metal Treatment - 32 oz.	12	9.75'w x 9.5'n x 13.25'a	.71	28.80	12/5
TRK-MT-128	8-94630-00169-4	Truck Shield Metal Treatment - 1 Gallon	4	9.5'm x 12.5"n x 14.5'a	.99	33.60	12/4
TRK-MT-5G	8-94630-00170-0	Truck Shield Metal Treatment - 5 Gallon	1			45.00	
TRK-MT-15G	8-94630-00119-9	Truck Shield Metal Treatment - 15 Gallon	1			133.00	
TRK-MT-55G	8-94630-00158-8	Truck Shield Metal Treatment - 55 Gallon	1	1		485.00	









Steel Shield Technologies' mechanism of operation is based upon advanced methods of

Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity. This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while

simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique

combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and non-corrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat

to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surface-

attaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics

surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved

spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final

state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of

frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through

elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil. before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary

Film Technology.

are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process,



. Flash Point : 226°C

Non-Hazardous

Non-Flammable

Synthetic Hydrocarbons

PHYSICAL DATA

. Boiling Point : 238°C

• Evaporation Rate : < 0.01

• Specific Gravity: 1.07 • Insoluble In Water

. Vapor Pressure : <1@25°C

. Medium To Dark Amber

Metal Mechanisms

. Metal-To-Metal Surfaces

• Chain Drives

• Open Gears • Steel Cables

· Couplings Linkages

• Wheels

Augers

• Any Automotive, Industrial or Commercial Areas Of Lubrication That Require An **External Heavy-Duty Spray Lubricant For**

Apply Spray Sheldr¹¹ to surfaces requiring lubrication. Reapplication may be necessary for extremely rusted or corroded situations. Contains no volatiles or solvents. Contains synthetic hydrocarbons and advanced no chemical additive technology. Mon-loxic and environmentally

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE PACK	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
SS-1	8-94630-00146-5	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 1 oz.	24	6.875'w x 4.625'b x 3.875's	.07	2.5	48/12
SS-4	8-94630-00148-9	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 4 oz.	12	5.5'w x 7.125'b x 7.0'H	.16	3.8	40/8
SS-16	8-94630-00149-6	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 16 oz.	12	10.75'w x 8.0'a x 10.75'H	.54	15.0	20/5
SS-128	8-94630-00150-2	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 1 Gallon	4	9.25'w x 14.5'o x 12.5'h	.97	34.0	12/4
SS-5G	8-94630-00129-8	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 5 Gallon	1	27		42	
SS-15G	8-94630-00130-4	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 15 Gallon	1			125	
SS-55G	8-94630-00150-2	Spray Shield Metal Treatment - 55 Gallon	1	2		455	







• Drag Lines

• Bushings

• Pullevs

• Hinges • Tools

Sleeve Bearings

• Rusty Nuts & Bolts

Accessible And Hard-To-Reach Areas.

27. TOOL-SHIELD

Steel Shield Technologies' mechanism of operation is based upon advanced methods of

This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while

Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity.

simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique

combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and

to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the

attaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics

itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process.

surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final

state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film

strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing

frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic

debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through

before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary

metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of

elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil,

Film Technology.

are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix

contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surface-

other proprietary additives that are highly stable and non-corrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat



MSDS DATA . Flash Point: 226°C . Non-Hazardous

Non-Flammable

Synthetic Hydrocarbons

. Boiling Point: 238°C

Evaporation Rate: < 0.01

. Specific Gravity: 1.07 • Insoluble In Water

Vapor Pressure : <1@25°C

Medium To Dark Amber

· Rotary-Type Air Tools

• Piston-Type Air Tools

• Impact Wrenches

Air Ratchets

· Air Sanders

· Air Drills

• Air Cutting Tools

Air Grinders

· Air Nailers

· Air Staplers Automatic Oilers

• Hand Tools

Use in accordance with tool manufacturer's instructions. Tools may need to be lubricated daily, or several times a day, depending on the frequency and prolonged use of the tool. Contains no volatiles or solvents. Contains synthetic hydrocarbons and advanced chemical additive technology. Non-toxic and environmentally friendly.

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
TS-1	8-94630-00141-0	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 1 oz.	24	6.875'w x 4.625'a x 3.875'+	.07	2.5	48/12
TS-4	8-94630-00143-4	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 4 oz.	12	5.5'w x 7.125's x 6.5'H	.16	3.8	40/8
TS-16	8-94630-00144-1	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 16 oz.	12	10.75'w x 8.0'n x 10.75'h	.54	15.0	20/5
TS-128	8-94630-00145-8	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 1 Gallon	4	9.25'w x 14.5'a x 12.5'h	.97	34.0	12/4
TS-5G	8-94630-00126-7	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 5 Gallon	1			42	
TS-15G	8-94630-00127-4	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 15 Gallon	1			125	
TS-55G	8-94630-00128-1	Tool Shield Metal Treatment - 55 Gallon	1			455	





28. STRIKE-SHIELD



Steel Shield Technologies' mechanism of operation is based upon advanced methods of Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity. This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and noncorrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surfaceattaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process, surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil, before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary Film Technology.

MSDS DATE

- Flash Point : 61°C PMCC
 Synthetic Hydrocarbons
- Non-Hazardous
- ons Combustible

PHYSICAL DATA

- Boiling Point: 186-201°C
 Evaporation Rate: <0.01
 Specific Gravity: 1.02
- Specific Gravity: 1.02
 Vapor Pressure: <1@25°C
 Light to Dark Amber

RECOMMENDED USES

- . Frozen or Scaled Nuts and Bolts
- . Sticky Locks
- Squeaky Hinges
 Sliding Doors
- Wheels
- · Conveyors
- CablesLinkages
- Shafts
- Bushings
 Sliding Parts and Mechanisms
- Any Automotive, Marine, Farming, Industrial or Commercial Application That Requires a Fast Acting Penetrate, Lubricant and Moisture Displacement All Combined in One Product

DIRECTIONS

Apply Strike Shield" on surface that require postballing and lubricating all. Propagation in my be necessary on extremely reside and correlated conditions. Singuistation may be necessary on extremely reside and controlled conditions. Singuistation in the propagation of the strike of controlled the strike of the strike o

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE PACK	CASE DIMENSIONS	CASE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
STKS-4WS	8-94630-00104-5	Strike Shield Penetrating Oil - 4 oz.	12	6.625'w x 5.0'a x 7.0'н	.13	4.0	56/7
STKS-16WS	8-94630-00105-2	Strike Shield Penetrating Oil - 16 oz.	12	10.125'w x 7.625'в x 10.0'н	.44	14.0	20/5
STKS-128	8-94630-00109-0	Strike Shield Penetrating Oil - 1 Gallon	4	15.625'a x 8.125'a x 11.875'h	.87	33.5	12/4
STKS-5G		Strike Shield Penetrating Oil - 5 Gallon	1			42.5	0.
STKS-15G		Strike Shield Penetrating Oil - 15 Gallon	1			126.5	33
STKS-55G		Strike Shield Penetrating Oil - 55 Gallon	1			461.0	









29. DRILL & TAP





operation is based upon advanced methods of Tribology that improve lubricity and load carrying capacity. This, in turn, improves surface characteristics while simultaneously creating a stable chemical Advanced Boundary Film on the contacting metal surfaces of whatever equipment in which it is added. The process of Advanced Boundary Film formation is achieved through a unique combination of long-chain halogenated hydrocarbons and other proprietary additives that are highly stable and noncorrosive to the equipment's metal parts, and pose no threat to the environment or waste oil recovery systems. Steel Shield reacts chemically, under thermal conditions with the contacting metal surfaces, to form a complex surfaceattaching film of protection. Steel Shield's characteristics are "electro-negative", which causes it to seek out and affix itself to the metallic surface areas. During this process. surface smoothing is accomplished, resulting in improved spread characteristics of the surfaces themselves. The final state of the opposing metal surfaces increases the fluid film strength even more, resulting in greatly reduced wear while imparting extreme pressure (EP) properties to the opposing metal surfaces. The result is a virtual elimination of frictional wear and significant cooling of the entire lubricated area yielding higher energy savings and reduced metallic debris and acids in the oil. This is extensively proven through elemental oil analysis and Ferrography of the used oil. before and after the use of Steel Shield's Advanced Boundary Film Technology.

- . Flash Point: 226°C Non-Hazardous
- Non-Flammable Synthetic Hydrocarbons

PHYSICAL DATA

- . Boiling Point : 238°C
- Evaporation Rate : < 0.01
- Specific Gravity: 1.07
- Insoluble In Water
- . Vapor Pressure : <1@25°C
- . Medium To Dark Amber

RECOMMENDED USES

- . Direct Cutting Lube/Coolant
- . Additive To Improve Performance Of Insoluble Oils
- Drilling
- Tapping
- Machining
- · Cutting
- Milling · CNC
- Broaching
- Sharpening
- Wet Grinding

DIRECTIONS

Drill & Tap Shield™ can be used as a direct replacement for currently used cutting fluids and lubrication/coolants in a 100% undiluted application. NOTE: Drill & Tap Shield™ is not compatible with water glycol compounds or triphenol butylated phosphate oils. Contains no volatiles or solvents. Contains synthetic hydrocarbons and advanced chemical additive technology. Non-toxic and environmentally

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM UPC#	ITEM DESCRIPTION	CASE		CASE	CASE WEIGHT	TI/HI
DTS-1	8-94630-00171-7	Drill & Tap Shield Metal Treatment - 1 oz.	24	6.875'w x 4.625'n x 3.875'н	.07	2.5	48/12
DTS-4	8-94630-00172-4	Drill & Tap ShieldMetal Treatment - 4 oz.	12	5.5'w x 7.125'n x 7.0'H	.16	3.8	40/8
DTS-16	8-94630-00173-1	Drill & Tap Shield Metal Treatment - 16 oz.	12	10.75'w x 8.0'p x 10.75'h	.54	15.0	20/5
DTS-128	8-94630-00174-8	Drill & Tap Shield Metal Treatment - 1 Gallon	4	9.25'w x 14.5'b x 12.5's	.97	34.0	12/4
DTS-5G	8-94630-00175-5	Drill & Tap Shield Metal Treatment - 5 Gallon	1			42	
DTS-15G	8-94630-00176-2	Drill & Tap Shield Metal Treatment - 15 Gallon	1			125	
DTS-55G	8-94630-00177-9	Drill & Tap Shield Metal Treatment - 55 Gallon	1			455	





30. SwRI Grease TEST REPORTS

STEEL SHIELD LARGELY OUTPERFORMS REPUTED GREASES MADE BY YAMAMOTO AND ATLAS

Petroleum Products Research Department Test Summary Report Steel Shield Technologies Purchase Order # 114 October 25, 2013

STEEL SHIELD LITHI

SwRI	Sample ID:		20003	20004
Code:	Sample Identification:	ELE	Litho Shield	Yamamoto EP grease
D1264	Water Washout of Grease			
	Avg. Grease Washed Out	Wt %	1.32	0.66
	Test Temp.	°C	79	79
	Dry Temp.	°C	77	77
D1742	Oil Separation from Lubricating Grease	mass %	2.04	* Note
D2265	Dropping Point	°C	258	307
	Oven Temp.	°C	288	316
D2266	Wear Characteristics (Four-Ball Method)			
	Scar Diameter	kgf	0.75	0.47
D2596	Four-Ball Extreme Pressure Properties	19.11		
	Corrected Load	kgf	851.1	501.68
	Load-Wear Index	kgf	92.27	66.73
	Weld Point	kgf	800	315
	LNSL	kgf	80	63

tomo EP grease" herefore, sample is cordered "outside * No oil separation occurred for gre the scope of the method".

Petroleum Products Research Department Test Summary Report Steel Shield Technologies Purchase Order # 114 October 25, 2013



SwRI	Sample ID:		20005
Code:	Sample Identification:		Atlas Chisel lube
D1264	Water Washout of Grease		
	Avg. Grease Washed Out	Wt%	1.11
	Test Temp.	°c	79
	Dry Temp.	°C	77
D1742	Oil Separation from Lubricating Grease	mass %	** Note
D2265	Dropping Point	*c	302
	Oven Temp.	°C	316
D2266	Wear Characteristics (Four-Ball Method)		
	Scar Diameter	kgf	0.71
D2596	Four-Ball Extreme Pressure Properties		
	Corrected Load	kgf	302.79
	Load-Wear Index	kgf	41.23
	Weld Point	kgf	315
			50

** No oil separation occurred for grease sample "Atlas Chisel Lube", therefore, sample is co scope of the method".

Steel Shield Lithi Shield

TEST ITEMS	Four-Bull Extreme Pressure Properties	Steel Shield Lithi Shield	Yamamoto EP Grease	Atlas Chisel Lube	egally privileged and/or proprietary is document is not the intended res if you have received this document ler at the return address via the Units
Loading Ability	Corrected Load	851.1	501.68	302.79	ers the subject matter or results of without Client's written approval. iation, shall be made use of by Clien s on this Project outside its own orga in.
Anti-Wear Ability	Load Wear Index	92.27	66.73	41.23	
High Temperature Loading	Weld Point	800	315	315	
High Pressure Loading	LNSL	80	63	50	stry and the public through inno

Atlas Copco

ugh inna

31. SwRI Motor Oils TEST REPORTS

ASTM D2783 FOUR-BALL METHOD TEST REPORTS - ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS

SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE®

6220 CULEBRA ROAD 78236-5166 * P.O. DRAWER 28510 78228-0510 * SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, USA * (210) 684-5111 * WWW.SWRI ORG

July 1, 2013

George Fennell
Steel Shield Technologies
3351 Industrial Blvd
Bethel Park, PA 15102-2543
Phone: 1-800-390-1535
Email: gcfennell@steelshieldtech.com

e: Fuel Analysis Results Purchase Order# 103 SwRI WO# 68584

Dear Mr. Fennell:

Analyses have been completed on your samples in accordance with the tests requested. Four samples were received in good condition on June 17, 2013 in good condition. The samples were received in one gallon plastic containers. Testing took place by June 29, 2013. Test results and sample identifications are shown in the table attached.

Analyses were performed according to the listed ASTM test procedures with no modifications or deviations. Precision should be consistent with those stated in the ASTM test procedures. Sample aliquots were taken in accordance with the various ASTM test procedures. The analyses above pertain only to the sample received by Southwest Research Institute and represent only that sampling lot. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the express written permission of Southwest Research Institute.

If there are any questions concerning these analyses, or if you need any additional testing on the samples, please contact me at (210) 522-2071. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to your firm.

Sincerely,

Robert R. Legg

Fuels Laboratory Manager

Fuels & Lubricants Research Department

Office of Automotive Engineering

OMRRAGA13 68584 Page 2 of 2



Benefiting government, industry and the public through innovative science and technolog



Test Summary Report

Steel Shield Technologies Purchase Order # 103 July 1, 2013

	LabNum		18049	18050	18051	18052
	Sample Code		Mobil 1	Shell Rotella	Steel Shield	Steel Shield
					5W30 gasoline	15W-40 diesel
	LabNum		18049	18050	18051	18052
D2783	CorrLoad	Kgf	53	55	228	139
	WearIndx	Kgf	42	42	47	40
	WeldPt	kg	200	200	315	250
	LNSL	kg	100	100	80	80

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OMRRAGA13 68584

Page 2 of 2



32. SwRI Gas Engine & Compressor Oils TEST REPORTS STEEL SHIELD GAS ENGINE OILS AND COMPRESSOR OILS ASTM D2782 TIMKEN TESTS

THE TEST REPORT FROM SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE - Timken ASTM D2782

Report 2

Test Report 2014 / 11 / 20 Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab No.	24564	23728	25252	23727	25250	25251
	SST	Steel Shield				
ASTM D2782 Measurement	Gas Engine	Gas Engine		Steel Shield	Mobil	Mobil
of Extreme-Pressure	Oil	Oil GECAT	Steel Shield	Compressor	Pegasus 805	Pegasus 801
Properties of Lubricating	SAE 40	SAE40 Low	EPA	Oil	SAE 40 Gas	SAE 40 Gas
Fluids (Timken Method)	Ashless	Ash		ISO #100 / 150	Engine Oil	Engine Oil
	Without EPA	With EPA				
Volume (Gallon)	1	1	1	1	1	1
OK Load (lbs)	40	40	75	55	9	9
Score Load (lbs)	45	45	80	60	12	12
Temperature (°C)	38	38	38	38	38	38





Products of the same class



Results

SOUTHWEST RESEA INSTITUTE website: www.swri.org

Steel Shield Wins:

Steel Shield outperforms Mobil in OK LOAD parameter by 444 % and in SCORE LOAD by 375 %

The SwRI Timken Test report clearly testified Steel Shield products are FAR Superior than Mobil products of the same classes



STEEL SHIELD GAS ENGINE OILS AND COMPRESSOR OILS ASTM D2783 FOUR BALLS TESTS

THE TEST REPORT FROM SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE - 4-Ball ASTM D2783

Test Report 2014 / 11 / 20 Steel Shield Technologies

Report 2

SwRI Lab No.	24564	23728	25252	23727	25250	25251
ASTM D2783 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (4-Ball Method)	SST Gas Engine Oil SAE 40 Ashless Without EPA	Steel Shield Gas Engine Oil GECAT SAE 40 Low Ash With EPA	Steel Shield EPA	Steel Shield Compressor Oil ISO #100 / 150	Mobil Pegasus 805 SAE 40 Gas Engine Oil	Mobil Pegasus 801 SAE 40 Gas Engine Oil
Volume (Gallon)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Corrected Load (kgf)	70	109	NA	1	136	74
Load Wear Index (kgf)	35	46	NA	48	34	35
Weld Point (kg)	200	250	>800	250	200	200
Last Non Seizure Load	80	100	80	100	63	80







Results

Steel Shield Wins:

SOUTHWEST RESEA INSTITUTE website: www.swri.org Steel Shield outperforms Mobil in the Weld Point (oil strength in resistant to EP) parameter by 129 % and in the Last Non Seizure Load (wear performance in respect to load) by 159 %.

***Remarks: 4-ball test is normally for heavy weight oil and grease.

The SwRI 4-Balls Test testified Steel Shield products are superior than Mobil products of the same classes



STEEL SHIELD GAS ENGINE OILS AND COMPRESSOR OILS ASTM D2782 Timken,

Report 2

D2783 4-Ball & D6352 GC — Original Documents

SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE®

8220 CULEBRA ROAD 78238-5166 • P.O. DRAWER 28510 78228-0510 • SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, USA • (210) 684-5111 • WWW.SWRI.ORG

November 20h, 2014

George Fennell Steel Shield Technologies 3351 Industrial Blvd Bethel Park, PA 15102-2543 Phone: 1-800-390-1535 Email:

Re: Fuel Analysis Results SwRI WO# 71111 PO# 120

Dear Mr. Fennell:

Analyses have been completed on your samples in accordance with the tests requested. Twelve samples were received in good condition between July 21st, 2014 and October 7th 2014 in good condition. Eleven samples were received in one gallon plastic containers and one sample was received in a one quart plastic bottle. Sample Identification and testing requesting is shown in the table on the following page. Testing took place between October 13th and November 11th 2014. Test results and sample identifications are shown in the table attached.

Analyses were performed according to the listed ASTM test procedures with no modifications or deviations. Precision should be consistent with those stated in the ASTM test procedures. Sample aliquots were taken in accordance with the various ASTM test procedures. The analyses above pertain only to the sample received by Southwest Research Institute and represent only that sampling lot. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the express written permission of Southwest Research Institute.

If there are any questions concerning these analyses, or if you need any additional testing on the samples, please contact me at (210) 522-2071. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to your firm.

Sincerely,

Robert R. Legg

Fuels Laboratory Manager

Fuels & Lubricants Research Department Office of Automotive Engineering



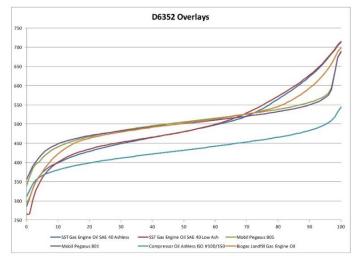


Benefiting government, industry and the public through innovative science and technology



Test Summary Report

November 20th, 2014 Steel Shield Technologies



In comparing the curves and D6352 chromatography, it is observed that samples SST Gas Engine oil SAE 40 Ashless and SST Gas Engine Oil SAE 40 Low Ash ar very similar with the exception that the Low Ash oil appears to have an added component that is somewhat lighter than the rest of the oil. The bulk of this oil is lighter than the others; however it does have a larger proportion of heavier compounds. In general it has broader array of hydrocarbons than the other oils. The Mobil Pegasus 801 and Mobil Pegasus 805 are essentially the same oil with the same boiling distribution. They both are a narrower cut reducing the amount of lighter and heavier hydrocarbon species. The Biogas Landfill Gas Engine Oil has a distribution in between the SST Gas Engine Oils and the Mobil Pegasus Oils. The Ashless Compressor oil is a significantly lighter oil than the rest of the samples.

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STEEL SHIELD GAS ENGINE OILS AND COMPRESSOR OILS ASTM D2782 Timken,

D2783 4-Ball & D6352 GC — Original Documents



Test Summary Report

November 20th, 2014 Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab# 24564

SST Gas Engine Oil 5AE 40 Ashless 1 Gallon Plastic Iug

1 Gallon	Plastic Jug								
	, 0								
	2782 Meas								
C	kay Load,	lbs							40
	core Load,								45
Т	`emperatui	re, °C							38
ASTM D2	2783 Measi	urement o	f Extreme-	Pressure I	Properties	of Lubrica	ting Fluids	s (4-Ball M	ethod)
	orrected L								70
L	oad Wear	Index, kgf.							35
V	Veld Point,	kg							200
L	ast Non Se	izure Load	l. kg						80
ASTM De	352 Boilin 285.3	ig Range D 20%	istribution 428.8	of Petrole	eum Distil 464.8	lates from	174 to 700 497.5	0 °C by GC 80%	564.9
18P	306.2	20%	428.8	41%	466.4	61%	497.5	81%	570.0
2%	333.2	22%	433.3	(0.711.71	467.9	62%	501.1	82%	575.1
3%	351.6	23%	435.4	43%		63%	503.0	83%	580.6
4%	364.1	24%	437.2	100 700 100	470.9	64%	505.0	84%	586.2
5%	373.5	25%	439.2	V5/15/10/50	472.4	65%	507.1	85%	591.8
6%	380.5	26%	441.2	46%		66%	509.3	86%	597.5
7%	386.7	27%	443.1	,-	475.6	67%	511.8	87%	603.5
8%	391.9	28%	444.9	48%	200	68%	514.5	88%	609.8
9%	396.0	29%	446.7	49%	478.6	69%	517.3	89%	616.3
10%	399.1	30%	448.6	50%	480.2	70%	520.4	90%	623.3
11%	403.0	31%	450.5	51%	481.8	71%	523.7	91%	630.3
12%	406.6	32%	452.1	52%	483.4	72%	527.3	92%	637.6

53% 485.1

54% 486.8

56% 490.2

58% 493.8

59% 495.7

492.0

55% 488.5

57%



Test Summary Report

November 20th, 2014 Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab# 23728

Biogas Landfill Gas Engine Oil SAE 40 (Gecat SAE 40 Low Ash) 1 Gallon Plastic Jug

ASTM D2782 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (Timker	Method)
Okay Load, lbs	40
Score Load, lbs	45
Temperature, °C	38

ASTM D2783 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (4-Ball	Method)
Corrected Load, kgf	109
Load Wear Index, kgf	46
Weld Point, kg	250
Last Non Seizure Load, kg	100

ASTM D6352 Boiling Range Distribution of Petroleum Distillates from 174 to 700 °C by GC

IBP	291.8	20%	462.9	40%	491.3	60%	512.8	80%	545.5
1%	308.9	21%	465.1	41%	492.4	61%	514.0	81%	548.7
2%	331.8	22%	467.0	42%	493.5	62%	515.2	82%	552.3
3%	349.1	23%	468.8	43%	494.7	63%	516.5	83%	556.3
4%	362.7	24%	470.4	44%	495.8	64%	517.8	84%	560.5
5%	374.7	25%	472.0	45%	496.9	65%	519.1	85%	565.1
6%	385.9	26%	473.6	46%	497.9	66%	520.4	86%	569.9
7%	396.5	27%	475.1	47%	498.9	67%	521.8	87%	575.0
8%	406.2	28%	476.5	48%	499.9	68%	523.1	88%	580.8
9%	415.0	29%	477.8	49%	500.9	69%	524.5	89%	586.8
10%	422.4	30%	479.1	50%	502.0	70%	526.0	90%	593.2
11%	429.0	31%	480.4	51%	503.0	71%	527.5	91%	599.9
12%	434.9	32%	481.6	52%	504.0	72%	529.0	92%	607.5
13%	440.2	33%	482.9	53%	505.1	73%	530.7	93%	615.4
14%	444.7	34%	484.2	54%	506.1	74%	532.4	94%	624.3
15%	449.2	35%	485.4	55%	507.2	75%	534.2	95%	633.7
16%	452.5	36%	486.6	56%	508.2	76%	536.1	96%	644.5
17%	455.4	37%	487.8	57%	509.3	77%	538.1	97%	656.4
18%	458.3	38%	489.0	58%	510.5	78%	540.4	98%	671.9
19%	460.7	39%	490.1	59%	511.7	79%	542.8	99%	688.2
	300000		200000		2000000		0000000	FBP	697.9



645.6

94% 653.8

99% 704.3 FBP 713.1

95% 662.7

96% 672.9

97% 682.4

98% 692.4

531.2

549.2

78% 554.5

79% 559.7

74% 535.3

75% 539.6

76% 544.2

77%



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13% 410.2

14% 413.5

15% 416.5

16% 419.1

17% 421.8

18% 424.3

19% 426.5

33% 453.7

34% 455.2

35% 456.9

36%

37% 460.1

38% 461.7

39% 463.2

458.5

STEEL SHIELD GAS ENGINE OILS AND COMPRESSOR OILS ASTM D2782 Timken,

Report 2

D2783 4-Ball & D6352 GC — Original Documents



Test Summary Report November 20th, 2014

Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab# 25252

SST-EPA

1 Gallon Plastic Jug

ASTM D2782 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (Timk	en Method
Okay Load, lbs	75
Score Load, lbs	80
Temperature, °C	38

ASTM D2783 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (4-Ball Method) Corrected Load, kgf......

Load Wear Index, kgf	
Weld Point, kg	>800
Last Non Seizure Load, kg	80

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Test Summary Report

November 20th, 2014 Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab# 23727

Compressor Oil Ashless ISO #100/150 1 Gallon Plastic Jug

ASTM D6352 Boiling Range Distribution of Petroleum Distillates from 174 to 700 °C by GC

IBF	310.0	20%	398.6	40%	421.7	60%	442.0	80%	465.5
1%	326.9	21%	400.0	41%	422.7	61%	443.1	81%	466.9
2%	344.5	22%	401.4	42%	423.6	62%	444.1	82%	468.4
3%	354.0	23%	402.7	43%	424.6	63%	445.3	83%	469.9
4%	360.6	24%	404.0	44%	425.6	64%	446.4	84%	471.5
5%	365.4	25%	405.2	45%	426.6	65%	447.5	85%	473.2
6%	369.2	26%	406.4	46%	427.6	66%	448.7	86%	474.9
7%	372.5	27%	407.7	47%	428.6	67%	449.8	87%	476.7
8%	375.5	28%	408.9	48%	429.6	68%	450.9	88%	478.7
9%	378.2	29%	410.1	49%	430.6	69%	452.0	89%	480.7
10%	380.6	30%	411.2	50%	431.6	70%	453.1	90%	483.0
11%	382.8	31%	412.4	51%	432.6	71%	454.2	91%	485.6
12%	384.9	32%	413.4	52%	433.6	72%	455.4	92%	488.3
13%	386.9	33%	414.5	53%	434.6	73%	456.6	93%	491.4
14%	388.9	34%	415.5	54%	435.7	74%	457.8	94%	494.9
15%	390.7	35%	416.6	55%	436.7	75%	459.0	95%	498.8
16%	392.4	36%	417.7	56%	437.7	76%	460.2	96%	503.3
17%	394.0	37%	418.7	57%	438.8	77%	461.5	97%	509.1
18%	395.6	38%	419.7	58%	439.9	78%	462.8	98%	517.6
19%	397.1	39%	420.7	59%	440.9	79%	464.1	99%	531.3
								FBP	544.3



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STEEL SHIELD GAS ENGINE OILS AND COMPRESSOR OILS ASTM D2782 Timken,

Report 2

D2783 4-Ball & D6352 GC — Original Documents



Test Summary Report

November 20th, 2014 Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab# 25250

Mobil Pegasus 805

1 Gallon Plastic Jug

ASTM D2782 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (Timken Method)
Okay Load, lbs 9
Score Load, lbs 12
Temperature, °C 38

ASTM D6352 Boiling Range Distribution of Petroleum Distillates from 174 to 700 °C by GC

		0							
IBP	338.1	20%	467.0	40%	495.3	60%	515.0	80%	538.2
1%	363.1	21%	468.9	41%	496.4	61%	516.1	81%	539.6
2%	384.2	22%	470.6	42%	497.4	62%	517.1	82%	541.0
3%	396.2	23%	472.3	43%	498.3	63%	518.1	83%	542.6
4%	401.9	24%	474.0	44%	499.3	64%	519.2	84%	544.2
5%	410.8	25%	475.6	45%	500.3	65%	520.3	85%	545.9
6%	419.2	26%	477.1	46%	501.3	66%	521.4	86%	547.7
7%	426.0	27%	478.6	47%	502.2	67%	522.5	87%	549.7
8%	431.6	28%	480.0	48%	503.2	68%	523.6	88%	551.8
9%	436.1	29%	481.5	49%	504.1	69%	524.7	89%	554.1
10%	440.5	30%	482.9	50%	505.1	70%	525.8	90%	556.5
11%	444.1	31%	484.2	51%	506.0	71%	526.9	91%	558.9
12%	447.6	32%	485.6	52%	506.9	72%	528.1	92%	561.8
13%	450.8	33%	486.9	53%	507.9	73%	529.3	93%	565.0
14%	453.5	34%	488.2	54%	508.9	74%	530.5	94%	568.7
15%	456.1	35%	489.4	55%	509.9	75%	531.7	95%	573.2
16%	458.5	36%	490.6	56%	510.9	76%	533.0	96%	580.2
17%	460.8	37%	491.8	57%	511.9	77%	534.2	97%	594.4
18%	463.0	38%	493.0	58%	512.9	78%	535.5	98%	634.2
19%	465.1	39%	494.1	59%	514.0	79%	536.8	99%	674.3
								FBP	689.6

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Test Summary Report

November 20th, 2014 Steel Shield Technologies

SwRI Lab# 25251

Mobil Pegasus

1 Gallon Plastic Jug

 ASTM D2782 Measurement of Extreme-Pressure Properties of Lubricating Fluids (Timken Method)
 0kay Load, lbs
 9

 Score Load, lbs
 12

 Temperature, °C
 38

 Load Wear Index, kgf
 35

 Weld Point, kg
 200

 Last Non Seizure Load, kg
 80

ASTM D6352 Boiling Range Distribution of Petroleum Distillates from 174 to 700 °C by GC

IBP	355.5	20%	469.5	40%	492.3	60%	510.0	80%	532.2
1%	372.7	21%	470.9	41%	493.3	61%	511.0	81%	533.6
2%	391.1	22%	472.3	42%	494.3	62%	511.9	82%	535.1
3%	401.9	23%	473.7	43%	495.2	63%	512.9	83%	536.5
4%	413.3	24%	475.0	44%	496.2	64%	513.9	84%	538.1
5%	422.1	25%	476.2	45%	497.0	65%	514.9	85%	539.7
6%	429.3	26%	477.4	46%	497.8	66%	516.0	86%	541.4
7%	435.4	27%	478.5	47%	498.7	67%	517.0	87%	543.2
8%	440.6	28%	479.7	48%	499.5	68%	518.0	88%	545.2
9%	444.6	29%	480.8	49%	500.4	69%	519.1	89%	547.4
10%	448.3	30%	481.9	50%	501.2	70%	520.2	90%	549.9
11%	451.6	31%	483.1	51%	502.1	71%	521.3	91%	552.7
12%	454.2	32%	484.2	52%	503.0	72%	522.4	92%	555.8
13%	456.7	33%	485.2	53%	503.8	73%	523.5	93%	559.1
14%	459.0	34%	486.3	54%	504.7	74%	524.7	94%	563.1
15%	461.0	35%	487.3	55%	505.5	75%	525.9	95%	568.2
16%	462.9	36%	488.4	56%	506.4	76%	527.1	96%	575.2
17%	464.7	37%	489.4	57%	507.2	77%	528.3	97%	590.1
18%	466.5	38%	490.3	58%	508.1	78%	529.6	98%	633.5
		39%	491.3	59%	509.0	79%	530.9	99%	673.0
							- 1	FBP	687.9

ORRLAKE4 Steel Shield (a).docx Page 9 of 16



33. World Wide Product Liability Insurance and Confirmation of NO CLAIM

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	st Insurance Agency			PHONE	E For (724)	283-5670	PAX IA/C, Not	(724) 20	43-1160	
340 S. Main St., P.O. Box 670					ADDRESS: jamie@bestinsurancebutler.com					
201	tler PA 1	6003-0	0670	MSURERA Cincinnati Insurance Companies INSURERA Cincinnati Insurance Companies INSURERS:					NAIC #	
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	ANY PROPRETOR PARTNER EXECUTIVE	NIA					E.L. EACH ACCIDENT	5		
	(Mandatory in NH)						E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE	_		
-	If yes, describe under DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below	++		_			E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT	5		
DESC	CRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEH	CLES (Adv	ech ACORD 181, Additional Remark	es Schodul	ia. If more space	ta required)				
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CEF	RTIFICATE HOLDER			CAN	CELLATION					
Steel Shield Technologies Inc. 3351 Industrial Blvd. Bethel Park, PA 15102					SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE					
	bedder rark, ra 151			1/		. 1	0			

Best Insurance Agency

340 S. Main St., P.O. Box 670 Butler, PA 16003-0670 (724)283-5670 (724)283-1160Fax Email: Ray@Bestinsurancebutler.com

September 18, 2013

Steel Shield Technologies (Asia Pacific) Limited 22nd Floor, W. Business Centre 4 Kam Hong Street North Point, Hong Kong

To Whom It May Concern:

Please be advised that Steel Sheild Technologies Inc, manufacturer of specialty lubricants and greases, located in Bethel Park, Pennsylvania, USA, has had no claims, claim related incidents or notices of loss under any General Liability policy issued by our office. We have provided them with General Liability coverage continously since April 24, 2008

If you have any questions or need further information please feel free to contact me. I will be happy to be of further assistance.

Raymond A. Rosenbauer

Vice President

Confirmation of No Insurance Claim



Guarante

34. Testimonials

Mark W. Pushnick President & CEO Steel Shield Technologies, Inc 3351 Industrial Blvd Bethel Park PA 15102-2543 07 May 2008

Mark.

I wanted to take time to express my sincere thanks to you and Steel Shield Technologies, Inc. for your support while I was deployed overseas in support of the Global War on Terrorism.

Your product, Weapon Shield, was truly a "life saver".

In my first combat tour to Afghanistan in late 2003, not knowing much about your product, I began to use it for my personal weapon and my crew-served vehicle weapon as a just another oil that I received in my care packages from home. I soon became educated on how this product was head and shoulders above the rest.

In the grueling conditions of southwestern Afghanistan, our weapons were subject to severe heat, dust, and even potential rust due to the humidity in the area. Compared to the other oils that we received, Weapon Shield was the only product that stood up to the battlefield environment and did not cause the bolt of the weapons to become "gummy" or "sticky". Weapon Shield actually acted as a "shield" and as a dust repellent.

When I found out that I was deploying back to Iraq in 2007, one of my first calls was to my father to get my hands on Weapon Shield. While conducting pre-deployment training at Fort Bragg, I introduced my soldiers to this product. When it comes to selling to a tough audience, young enlisted men are some of the toughest to buy into a new idea. Within days, all of the men were carrying this product and were even hoarding bottles within their packs.

When we got to Iraq, Weapon Shield bottles became a part of the combat packing list as assigned by my Detachment Sergeant. Weapon Shield was now the Standing Operating Procedure, a small bottle on each man and tube of grease in each truck.

Weapons Shield brought us through over 25 fire fights with great success when other soldier's from different unit's weapons failed. On one occasion on patrol with another unit, their .50 cal machine gun jammed. One of my gunners tossed a bottle of Weapon Shield to them. They broke down their weapon, applied the shield and quickly got back into the firefight. In our mission after action review, my soldiers quickly commented on how their weapons would only be treated with this product.

The bottom line is this... In two combat tours to both Afghanistan and Iraq, weapons treated with Weapon Shield, NEVER jammed. That saved lives. As a unit commander, my most important job was to complete this mission while bringing all of my soldiers home. Weapon Shield was a great contributor to my unit accomplishing that mission. In combat, the only option is perfect. If you are not, you can die. Weapon Shield was PERFECT every time. Victory!

Craig A. Hickerson MAJOR, Infantry USAR



December 10, 2008

Mark W. Pushnick President & CEO Steel Shield Technologies, Inc. 3351 Industrial Blvd.

Mark.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank you for introducing us to Steel Shield Technologies line of lubricants and Metal Treatment products. The performance of your products has been overwhelmingly superior to any other lubricants or metal treatments we have used in the past.

We are currently using the Lithi-Shield grease in our shop and it has proven to work very well in our high temperature applications. We have experienced absolutely no down time due to bearing failure on our high temp furnace since we began using the Lithi-Shield grease. In the past all bearings were replaced on a quarterly basis causing a significant amount of downtime and material cost. We also use the grease in our automated welding equipment and anywhere else frequent greasing is needed. It has out performed our previously used grease in every application and we use it as often as possible.

Because of the performance of the Lithi-Shield grease we started using Steel Shield EPA in all of our metalworking equipment. Since its introduction to our machines we have not experienced a significant breakdown of any kind and it has left them running smoother and quieter than ever. The Steel Shield Drill and Tap fluid is also used our shop and has significantly decreased our tooling costs and become a favorite of most of our machinists. The Spray Shield product is used by our maintenance department and it is proving to be superior to anything used here in the past. We are very happy with the cost and performance of Steel Shield Technologies products and I highly recommend them. I am continually looking for ways to reduce costs and downtime Steel Shield products have been a great contributor to our success.

Bob Cavill
Maintenance Department Supervisor
Siemens VAI Services, LLC
2901 Industrial Blvd.
Bethel Park, PA 15102
412-851-6700



35. Testimonials

中沃汽车有限公司



Original

致:美国离子能源有限公司

香港荃湾德士古道 188-202 号立泰工业中心二期 11 楼 K 室

感谢 贵司提供神盾润滑油予我司作汽车马力输出测试。于是次测试当中,我司将神盾润滑油使用于 4 辆沃尔沃 Volvo 汽车[型号: 沃尔沃 S80],并将 4 辆汽车分别放上汽车马力输出测试机 (Dyno-Shaft On-Vehicle Dynamometer) 进行测试。测试结果显示,4 辆进行测试的沃尔沃 Volvo 汽车在使用神盾润滑油之后,所输出的马力比起未有使用之前增加了 8%—12%。我司非常乐意向客户推荐神盾润滑油。

顺祝



Volvo Car Corporation

8th November, 2013

English

To: Steel Shield Technologies Unit K, 11/F, Leader Industrial Centre, Phase 2, 188-202 Texaco Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T., H.K.

Dear Ms. Eva Lam,

We would like to express our gratitude to Steel Shield Technologies for providing Steel Shield lubricants for our vehicle horse power tests. In this test, our company applied Steel Shield lubricants to 4 Volvo cars (model: Volvo S80). We mounted the 4 cars on the horse power testing machines (Dyno-Shaft On-Vehicle Dynamometer) and conducted the tests individually.

The results indicate that, the 4 Volvo cars which had Steel Shield lubricants applied got horse power boosted by 8% - 12% compared with the same 4 cars without Steel Shield lubricants. Our company will be pleased to recommend Steel Shield to our customers.

Volvo Car Corporation R/M 1613, 2th Phase, Tongce Square, 3688 Jiangnan Road, Binjiang, Hangzhou, China www.sinoworldcars.com

This letter states that the horsepower of Volvo vehicles increased by 8% to 12% after using Steel Shield products.



36. MAJOR CUSTOMERS



US ARMY



UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD (NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE NO.: UNP)





DONGJIANG
ENVIRONMENT
(HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE
NO.: 895)



37. 60th MACAU GRAND PRIX SPONSORSHIP AND OTHER ACTIVITIES HIGHLIGHTS

60th Macau Grand Prix (2013)

Hong Kong Motorcycle Festival







3 hours motorcycle race in Zhuhai

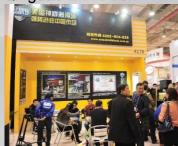




Lubricant Exhibition in Guangzhou



Qingdao Exhibition



Chongqing Exhibition





38. MACAU GRAND PRIX AND EVENTS

61st Macau Grand Prix (2014)







Exhibition & Events







39. Contact US

Steel Shield Technologies

Not All Oil is Same!

Company Address:

809B, 8/F., Block B,

Goodview Industrial Building,

11 Kin Fat Street, Tuen Mun, N.T., HK

Tel: +852 2545 8029

Fax: +852 2545 8030

Email: steelshieldtech@yahoo.com

Website: www.steelshieldtech.com.hk

Facebook: www.facebook.com/steelshieldtech

Weibo: www.weibo.com/steelshield





100% Imported From USA

